

# 008 - KHI Contribution to HiLiftPW-3

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# Outline

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- Summary of cases completed
- Introduction of “Cflow”
- Overview of grid systems and numerical methods
- Results of HL-CRM
- Results of JSM
- Summary and future works

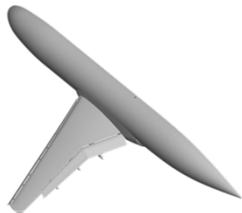
# Summary of cases completed



**HL-CRM**

Case	Alpha=8, Fully turb, grid study	Alpha=16, Fully turb, grid study
1a (full gap)	yes	yes
1b (full gap w adaption)	yes	yes
1c (partial seal)	yes	yes
1d (partial seal w adaption)	yes	yes

Topics of this presentation



**JSM**

Case	Polar, Fully turb	Polar, specified transition	Polar, w transition prediction
2a (no nacelle)	yes	no	no
2b (no nacelle w adaption)	yes	no	no
2c (with nacelle)	yes	no	no
2d (with nacelle w adaption)	yes	no	no



**DSMA661 Airfoil**

Case	2D Verification study
3	yes

# Introduction of "Cflow"

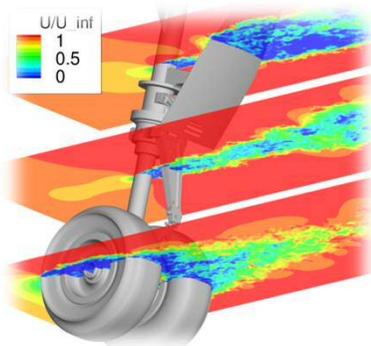
**Kawasaki** original CFD tool

$$Cflow = \boxed{\text{Grid Generator}} + \boxed{\text{Flow Solver}}$$

Non-orthogonal Octree AMR  
+ layered grid

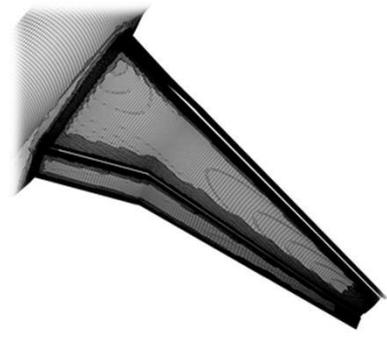
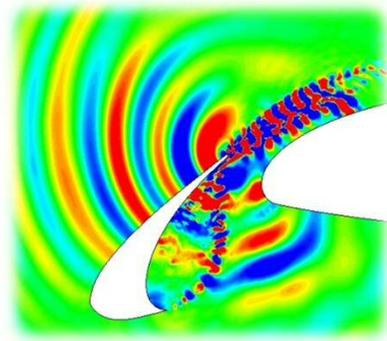


- Cflow has been validated in various workshops.



2010-2016  
BANC I-IV

Unsteady flow



2013  
HiLift-PW2

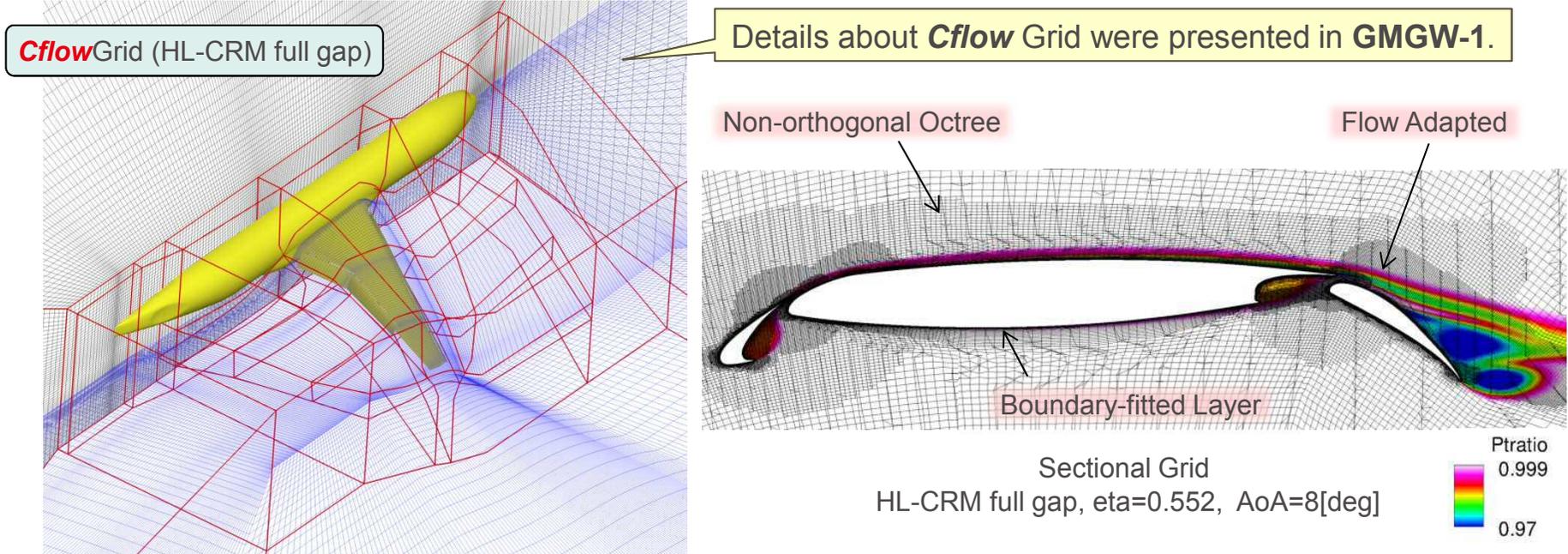
Steady flow



2016  
DPW6

# Overview of grid systems

Case	Grid System	Solver	Comment
1a, 1c	<b>B3</b> -HLCRM_UnstrHexPrismPyrTet_PW	<b>Cflow</b> Solver	Single grid is applied to all AoA.
1b, 1d	<b>Cflow</b> Grid (Unstructured Hexahedra)		
2a, 2c	<b>D</b> -JSM_UnstrMixed_JAXA		
2b, 2d	<b>Cflow</b> Grid (Unstructured Hexahedra)		Single grid is applied to all AoA.



# Summary of code and numerics used

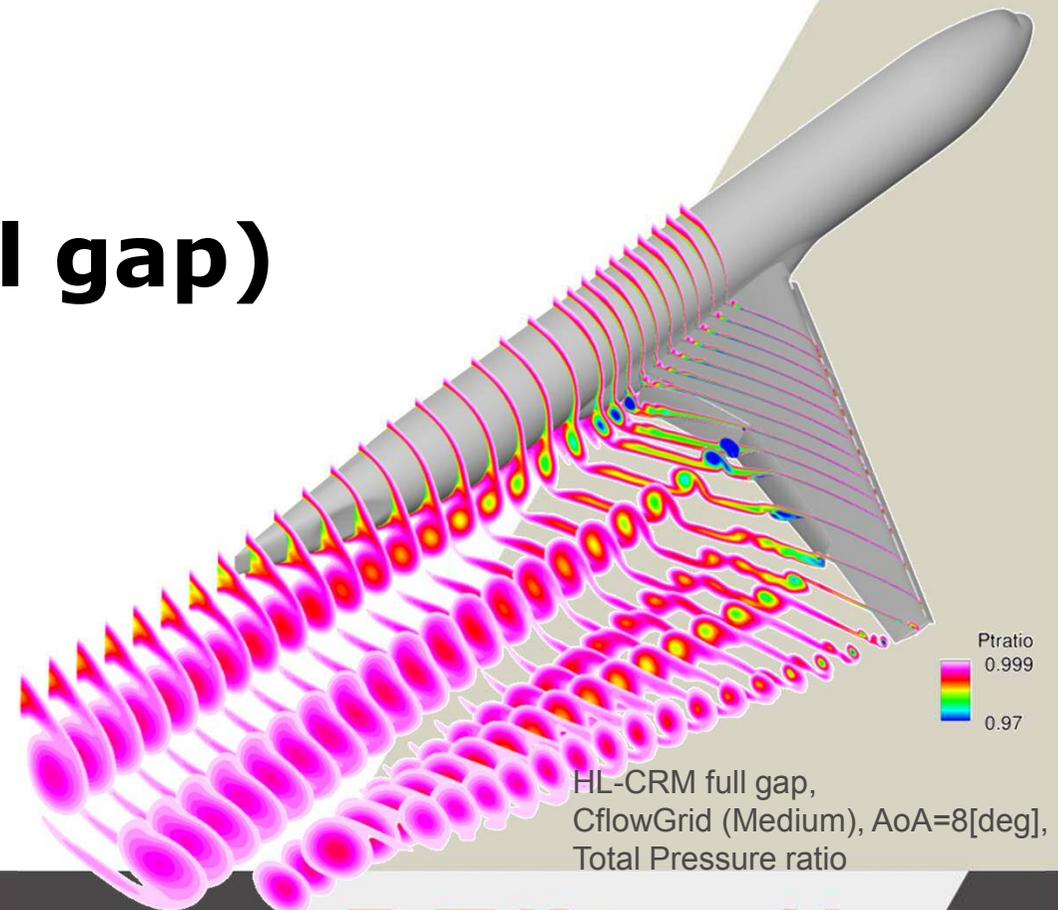
	<b>Cflow Solver methods</b>
Governing Equations	<b>RANS</b>
Spatial Discretization	Cell-centered finite volume method with 2nd-order accurate reconstruction based on MUSCL
Inviscid Flux	<b>SLAU</b> (Simple Low-dissipation AUSM scheme)
Viscous Flux	2nd-order accurate central difference
Time Integration	MFGS implicit method with local time stepping
Turbulence Model	<b>SA-noft2</b>

## ■ Reference for **Cflow** details

1. Nagata, T., Ueno, Y., and Ochi, A., "Validation of new CFD tool using Non-orthogonal Octree with Boundary-fitted Layer Unstructured Grid," 50th AIAA Aerospace Sciences Meeting, (AIAA 2012-1259).
2. Ueno, Y., Nagata, T., and Ochi, A., "Aeroacoustic Analysis of the Rudimentary Landing Gear Using Octree Unstructured Grid with Boundary-fitted Layer," 18th AIAA/CEAS Aeroacoustics Conference, (AIAA 2012-2284).
3. Yasuhiro Ito, Mitsuhiro Murayama, Atsushi Hashimoto, Takashi Ishida, Kazuomi Yamamoto, Takashi Aoyama, Kentaro Tanaka, Kenji Hayashi, Keiji Ueshima, Taku Nagata and Akio Ochi, "TAS Code, FaSTAR and Cflow Results for the Sixth Drag Prediction Workshop," 55th AIAA Aerospace Sciences Meeting, AIAA SciTech, (AIAA 2017-0959).
4. Atsushi Hashimoto, Takashi Aoyama, Yuichi Matsuo, Makoto Ueno, Kazuyuki Nakakita, Shigeru Hamamoto, Keisuke Sawada, Kisa Matsushima, Taro Imamura, Akio Ochi, and Minoru Yoshimoto. "Summary of First Aerodynamics Prediction Challenge (APC-I)", 54th AIAA Aerospace Sciences Meeting, AIAA SciTech, (AIAA 2016-1780).

# Case 1a, 1b – HL-CRM (full gap)

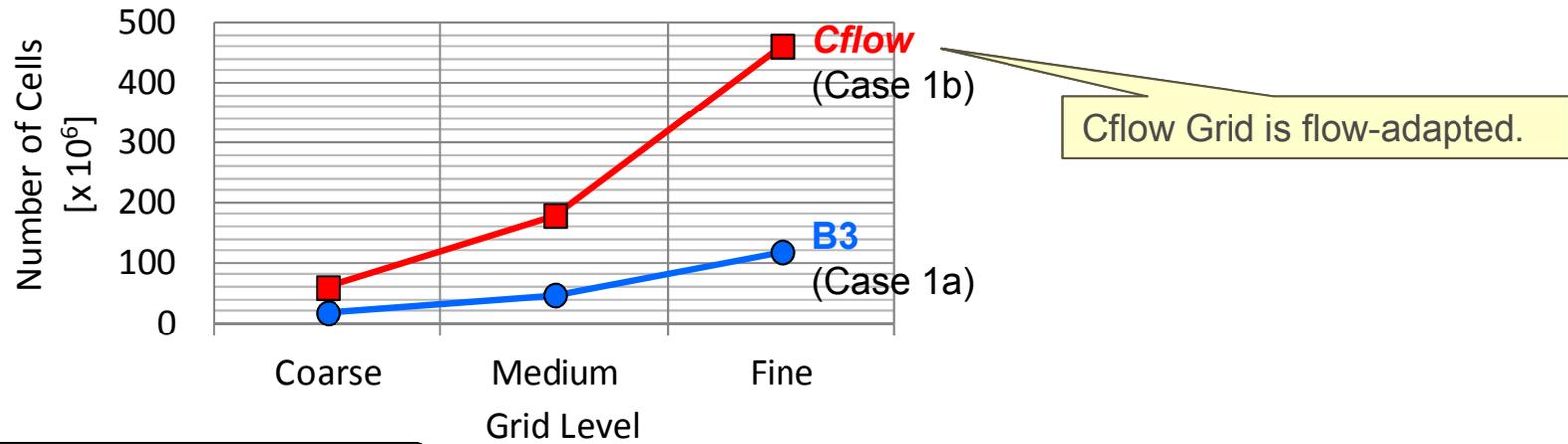
Grid Convergence



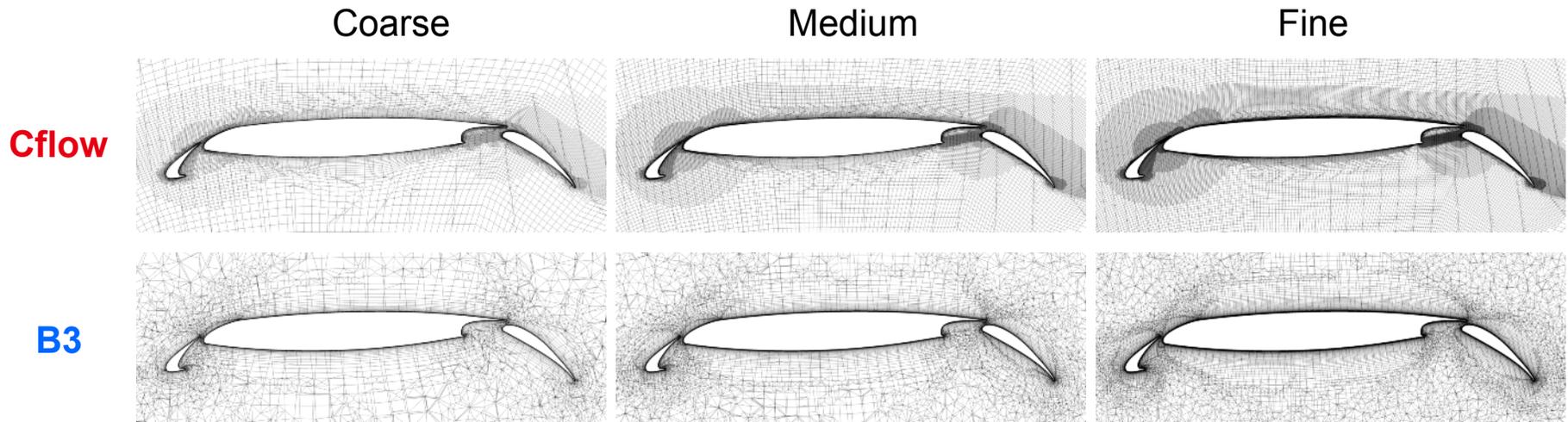
# Grid size



- 3 sizes of grid is computed for both B3 and Cflow Grid.



Sectional Grid @  $\eta=0.552$



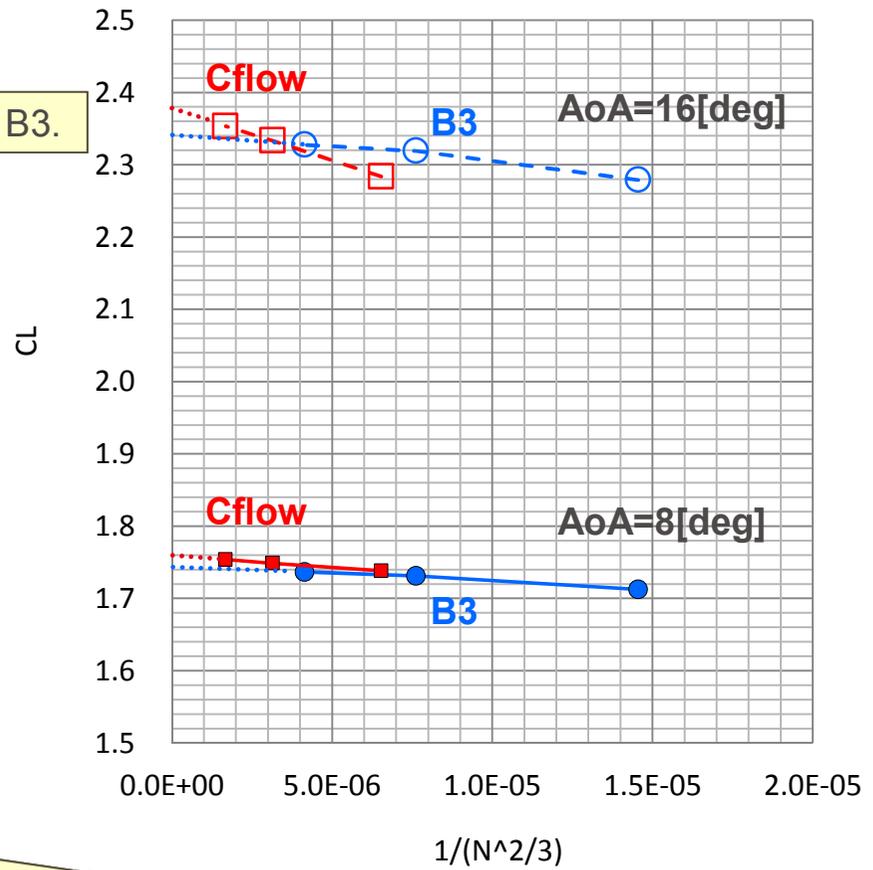
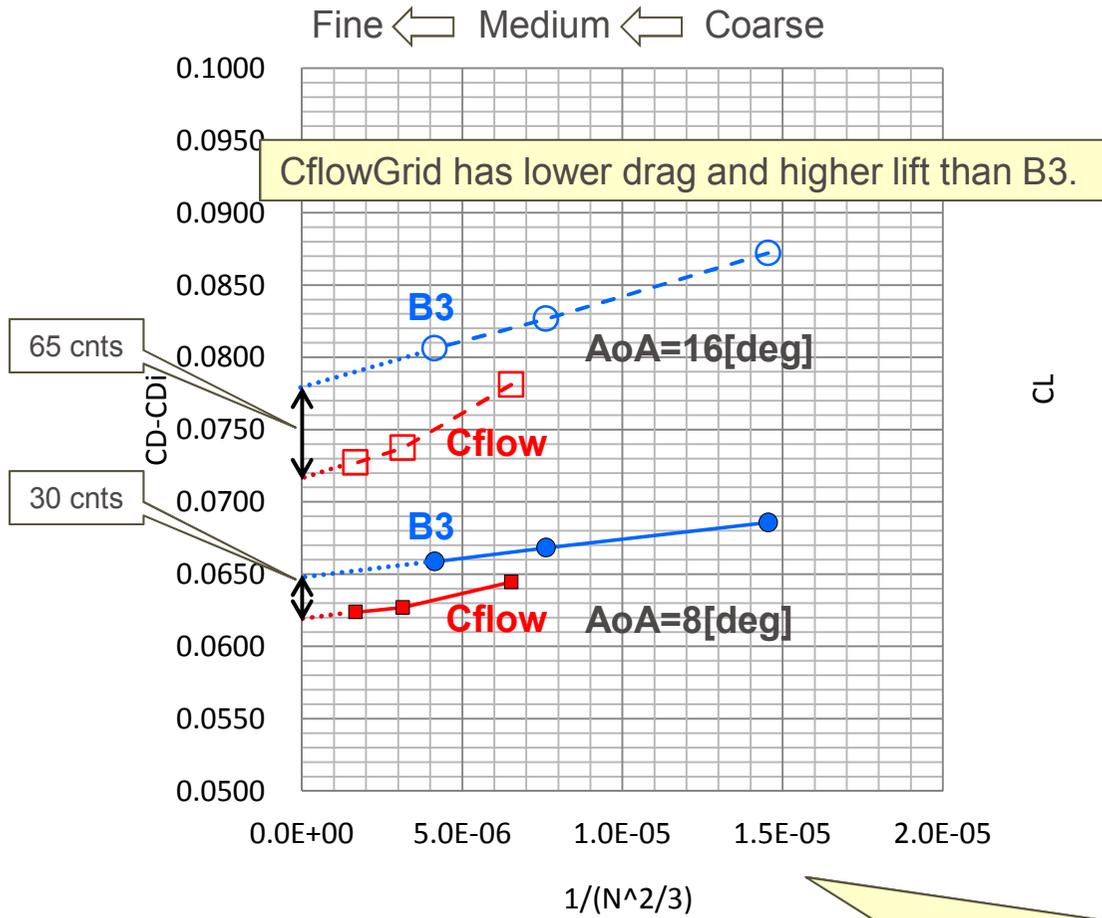
# Grid convergence - CD-CDi, CL



**CD-CDi**

\*  $CDi = CL^2 / (\pi A e)$ ,  $A=9.0$ ,  $e=1$

**CL**

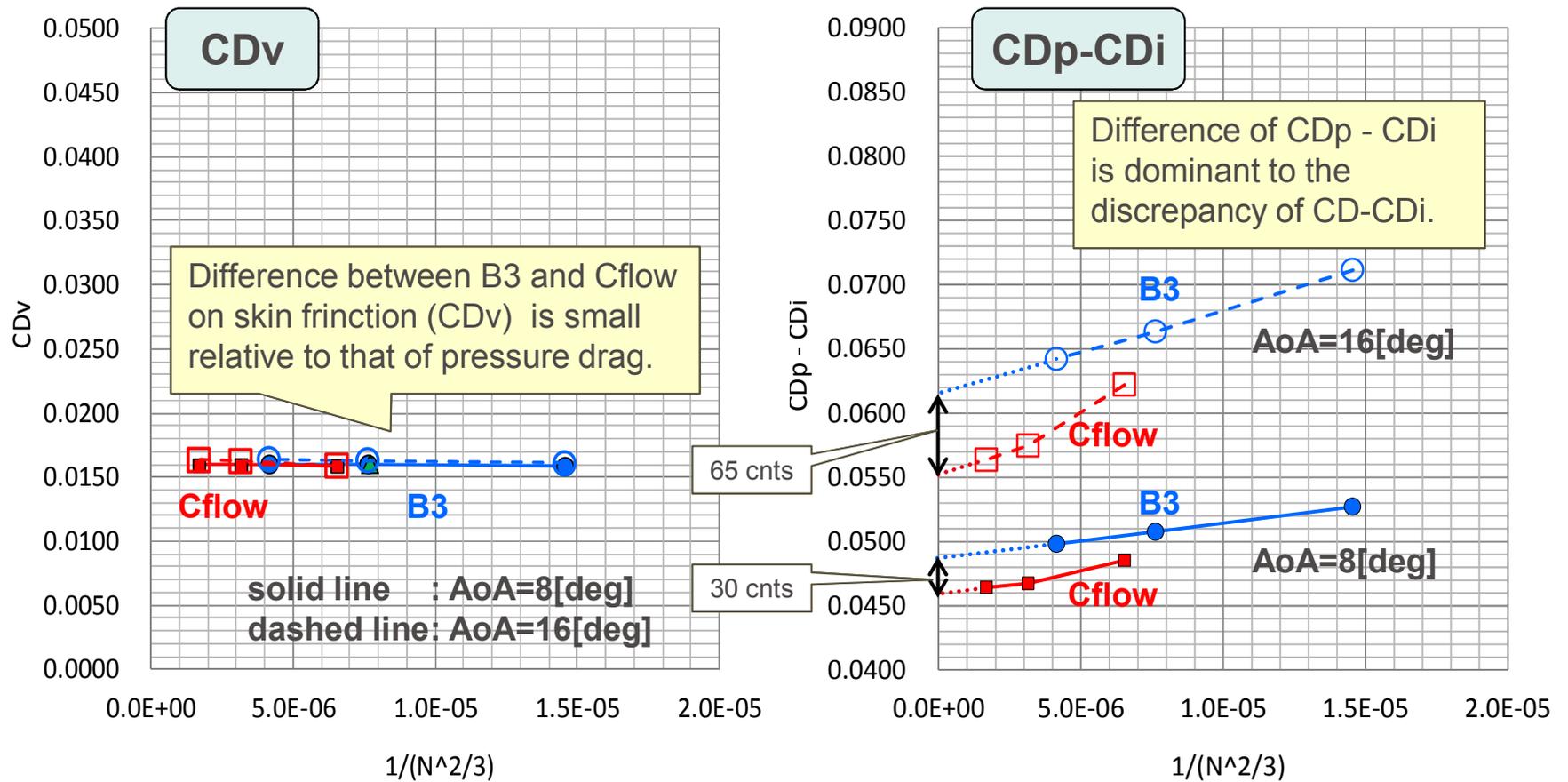


Discrepancy between B3 and Cflow seems to come from pressure drag (next page).

# Grid convergence – CDv, CDp



- Friction drag coefficient (CDv) and pressure drag coefficient (CDp).



# Surface streamlines @ AoA=16[deg]



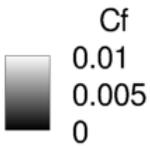
Surface : Cf

**B3 (Fine)**

Separation near flap gap and outer flap edge is larger than Cflow.

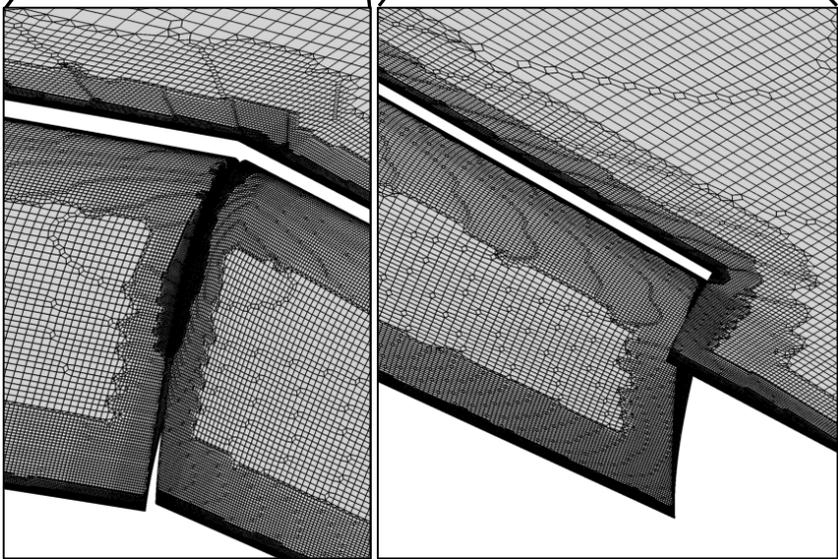
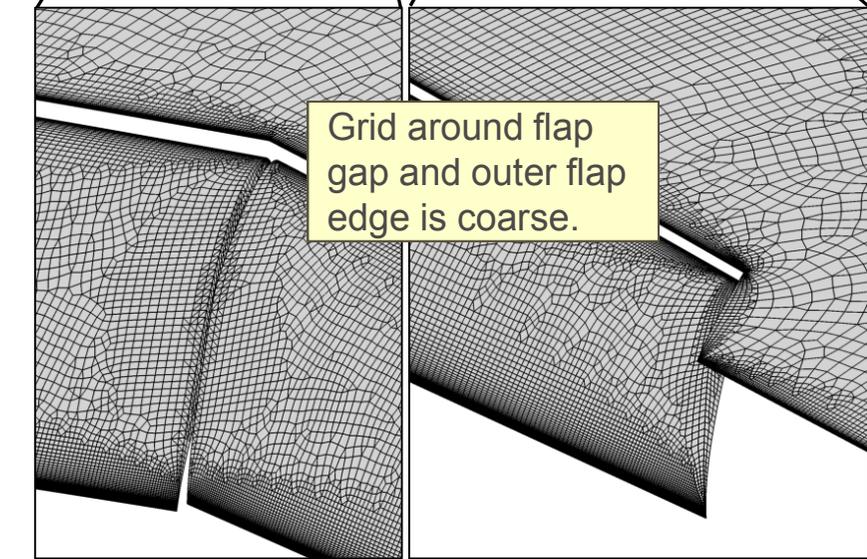
**Cflow (Coarse)**

Wing surface mesh density is similar to each other.



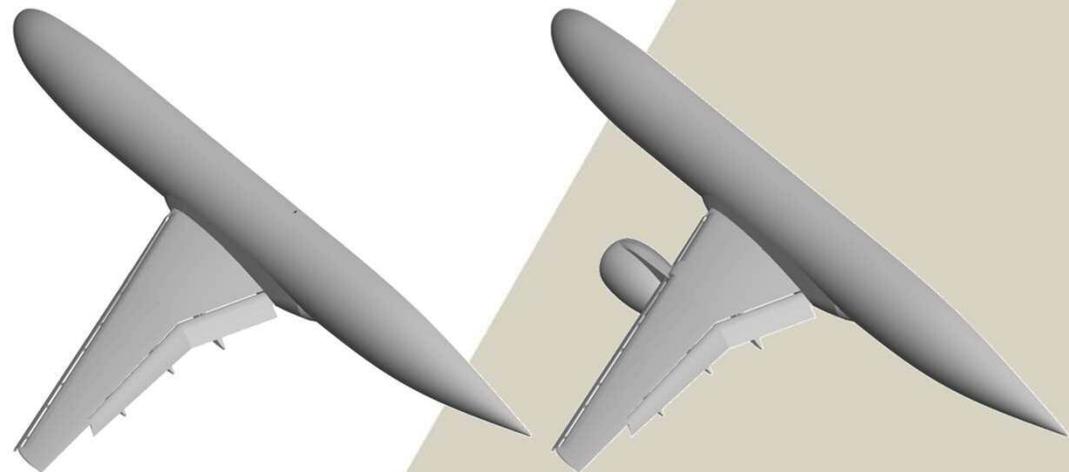
Surface Grid

Grid around flap gap and outer flap edge is coarse.

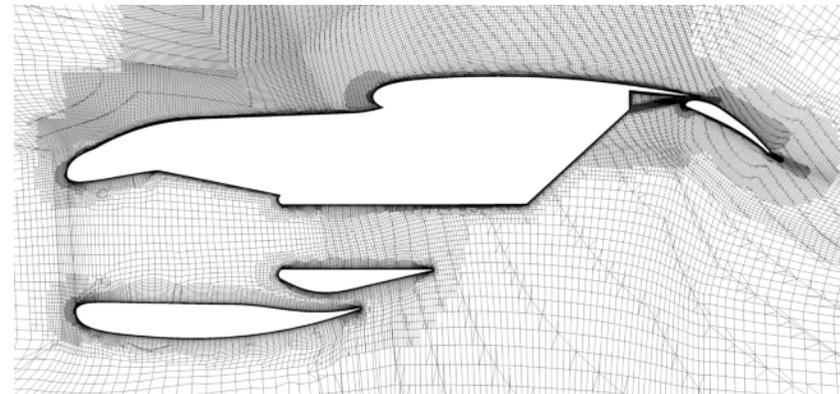
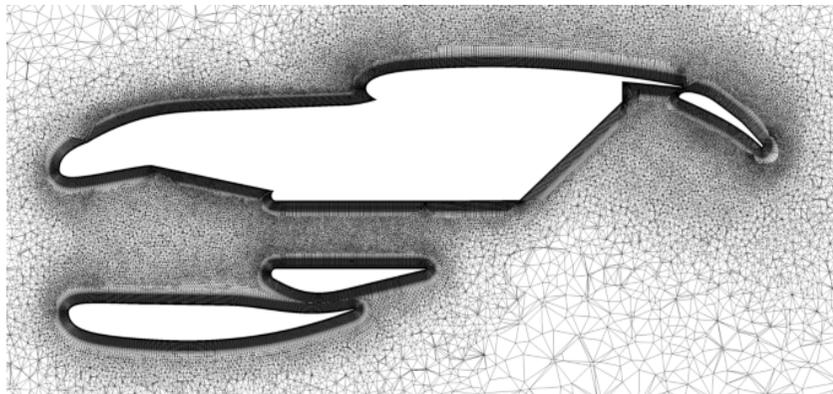
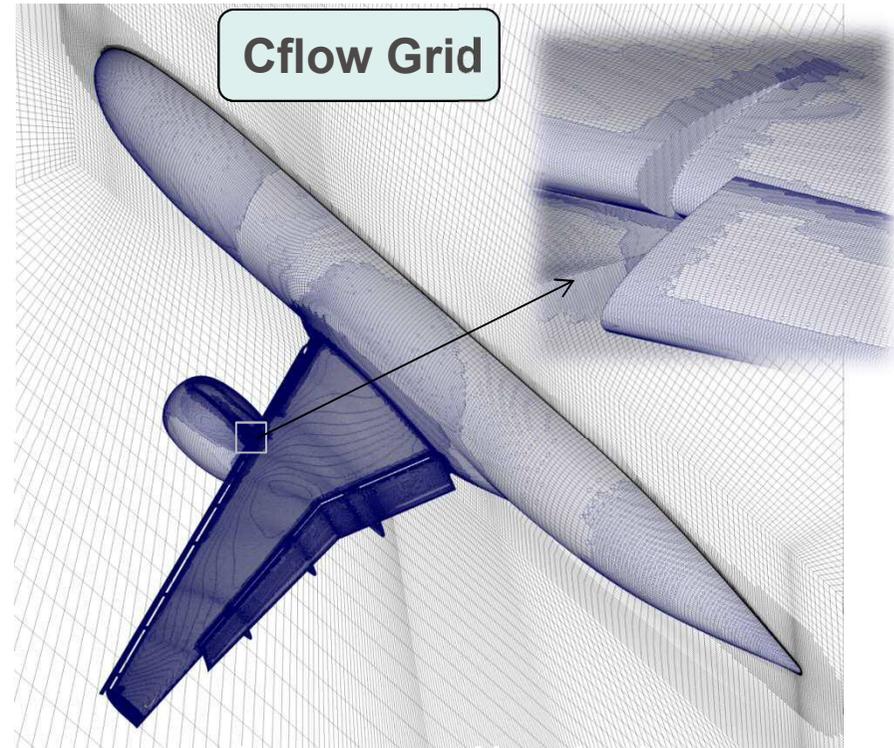
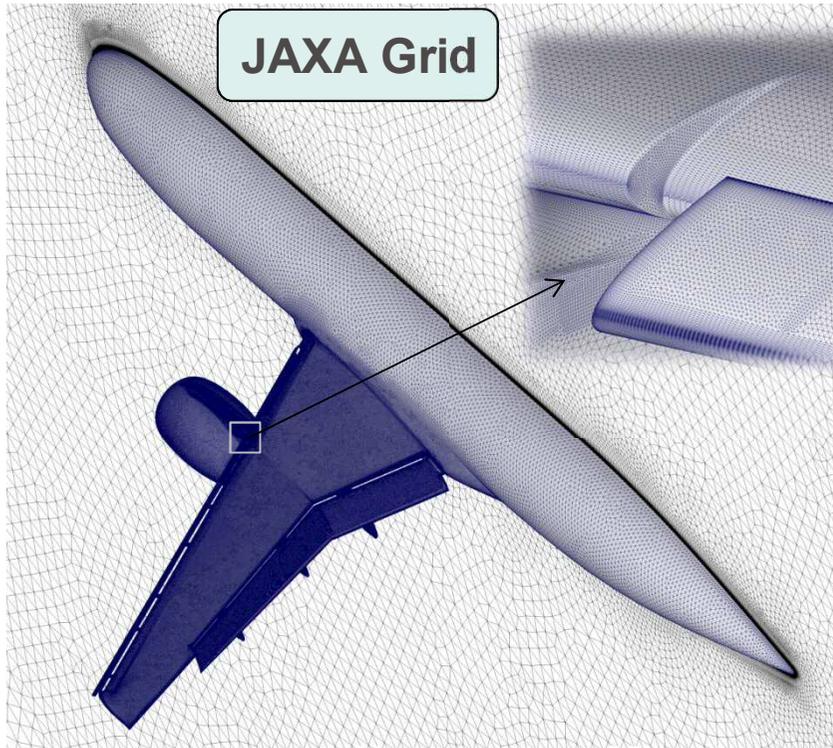


# Case 2a-2d

## - JSM (Nacelle ON/OFF)



# Computational mesh



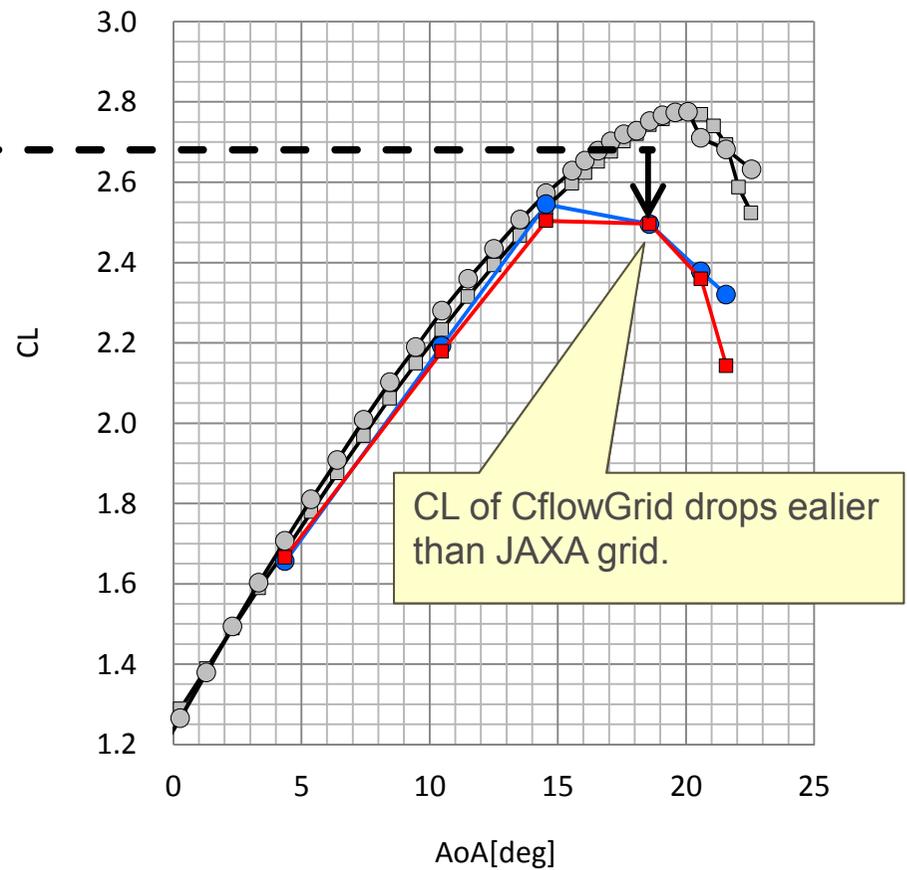
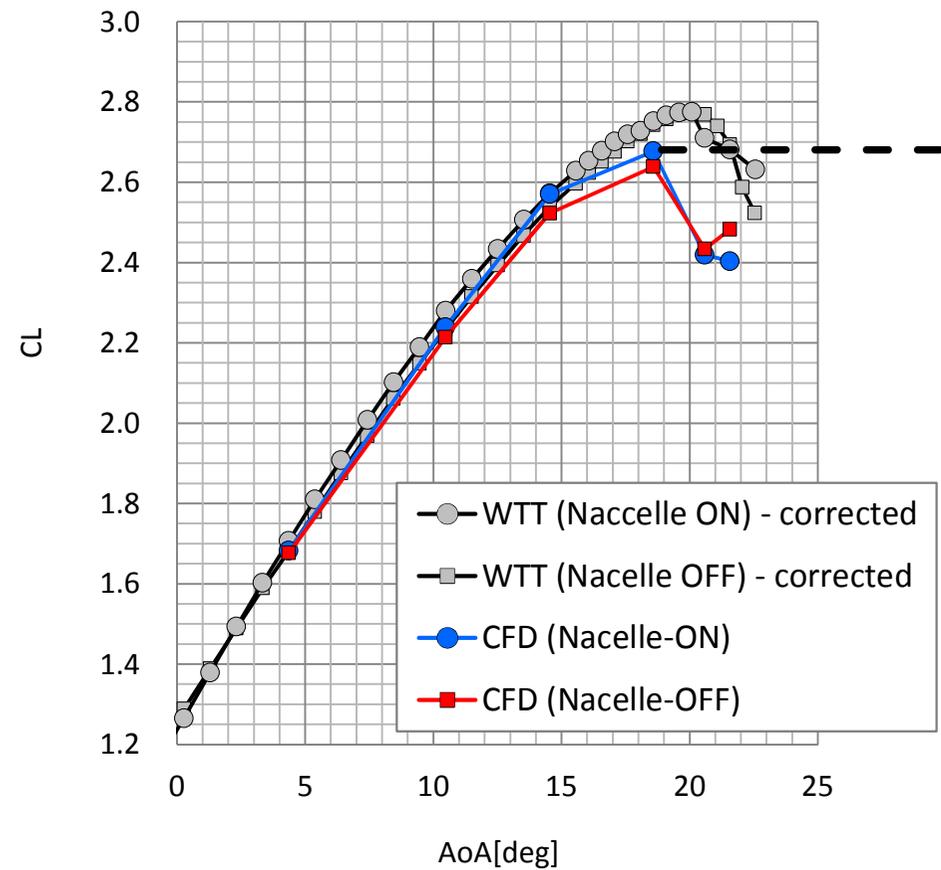
# Lift curve

Mach	0.172
Re[-]	$1.93 \times 10^6$

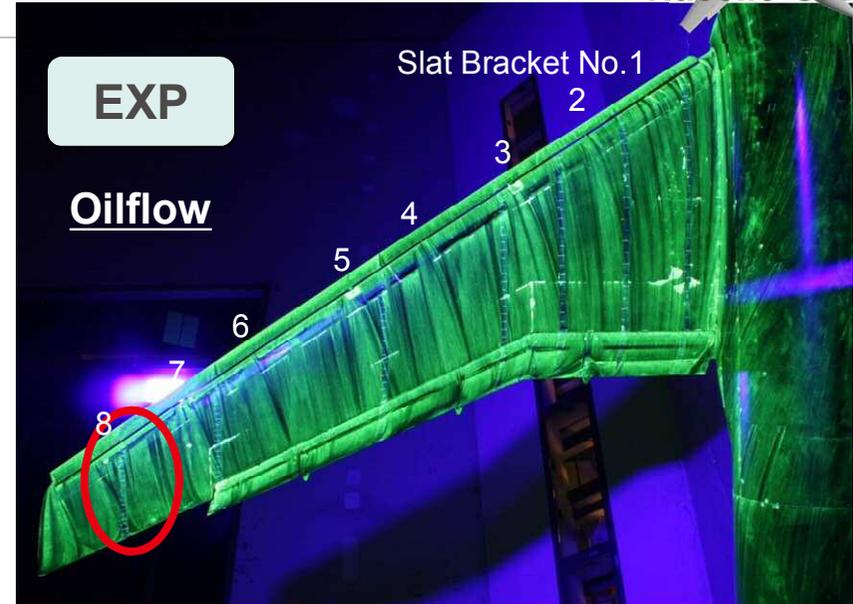
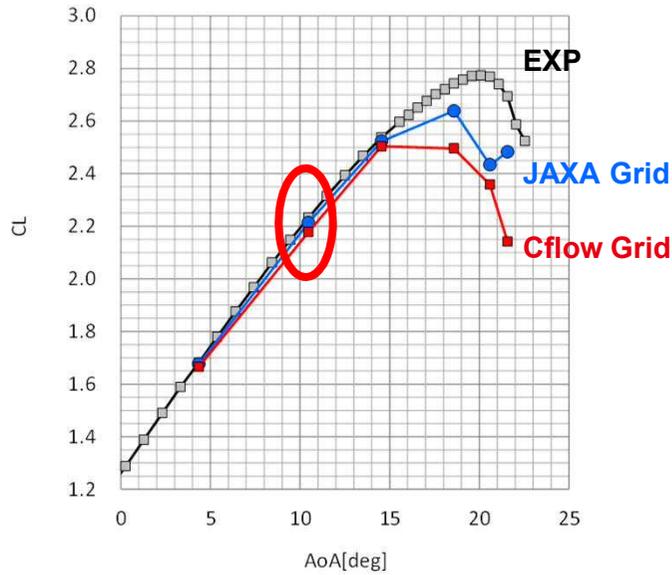


JAXA Grid

Cflow Grid

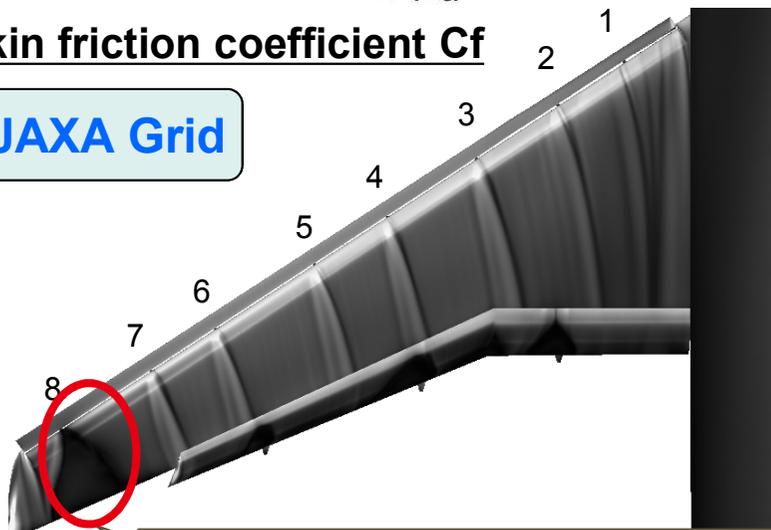


# Surface flow **AoA=10.47[deg]**

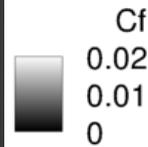
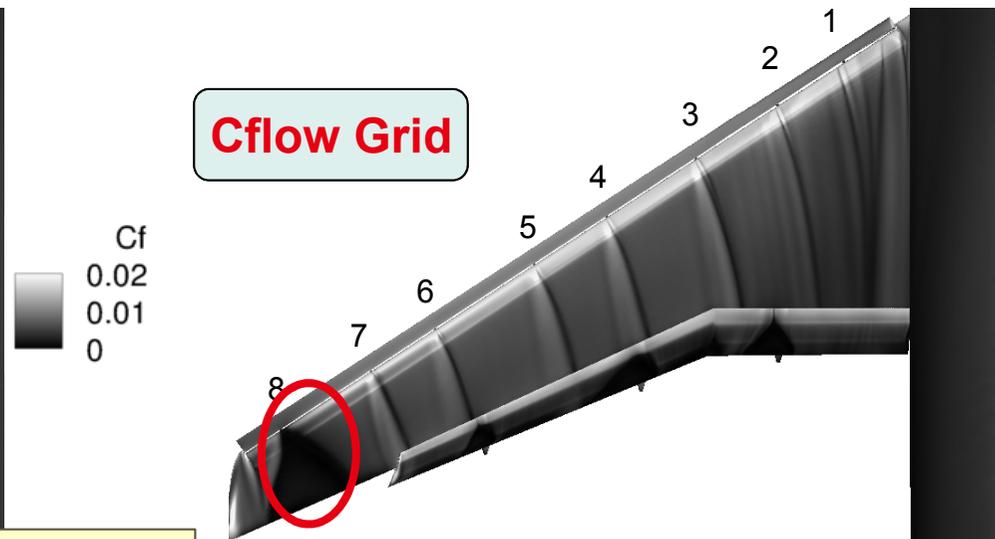


## Skin friction coefficient Cf

JAXA Grid



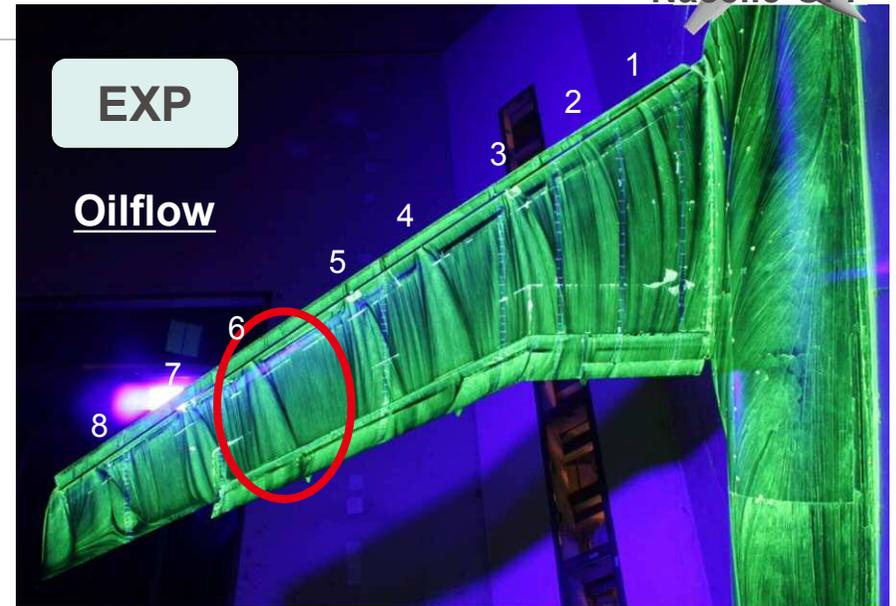
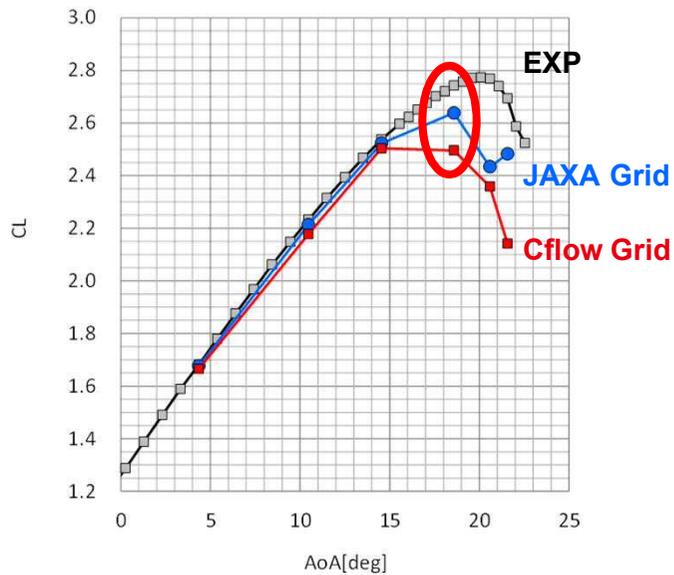
Cflow Grid



Separation at downstream side of #8 bracket.

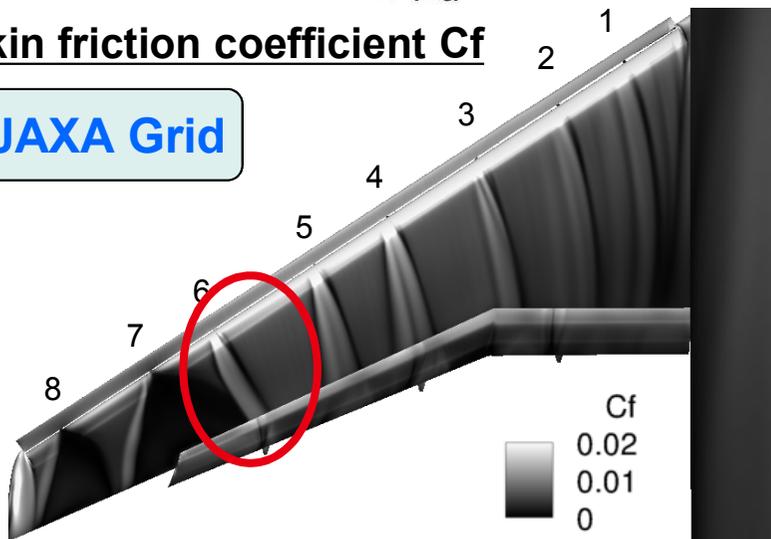
# Surface flow **AoA=18.58[deg]**

JSM  
Nacelle-QFF

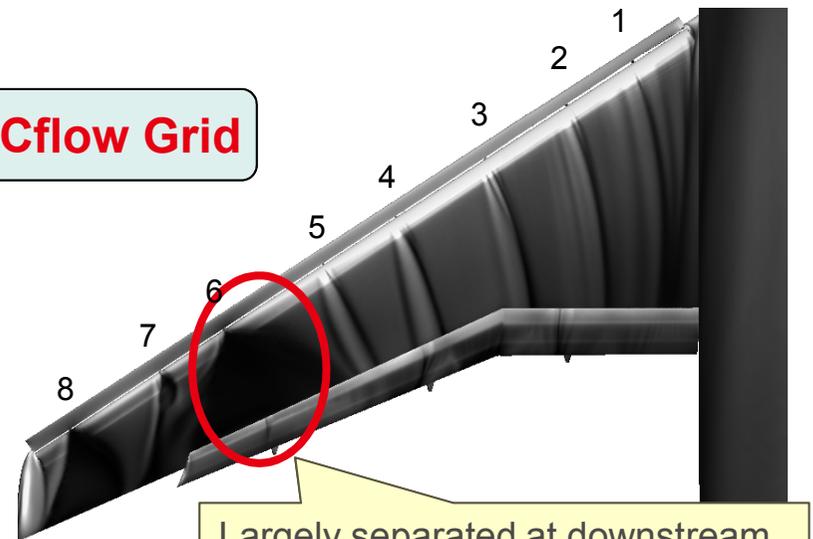


## Skin friction coefficient Cf

JAXA Grid

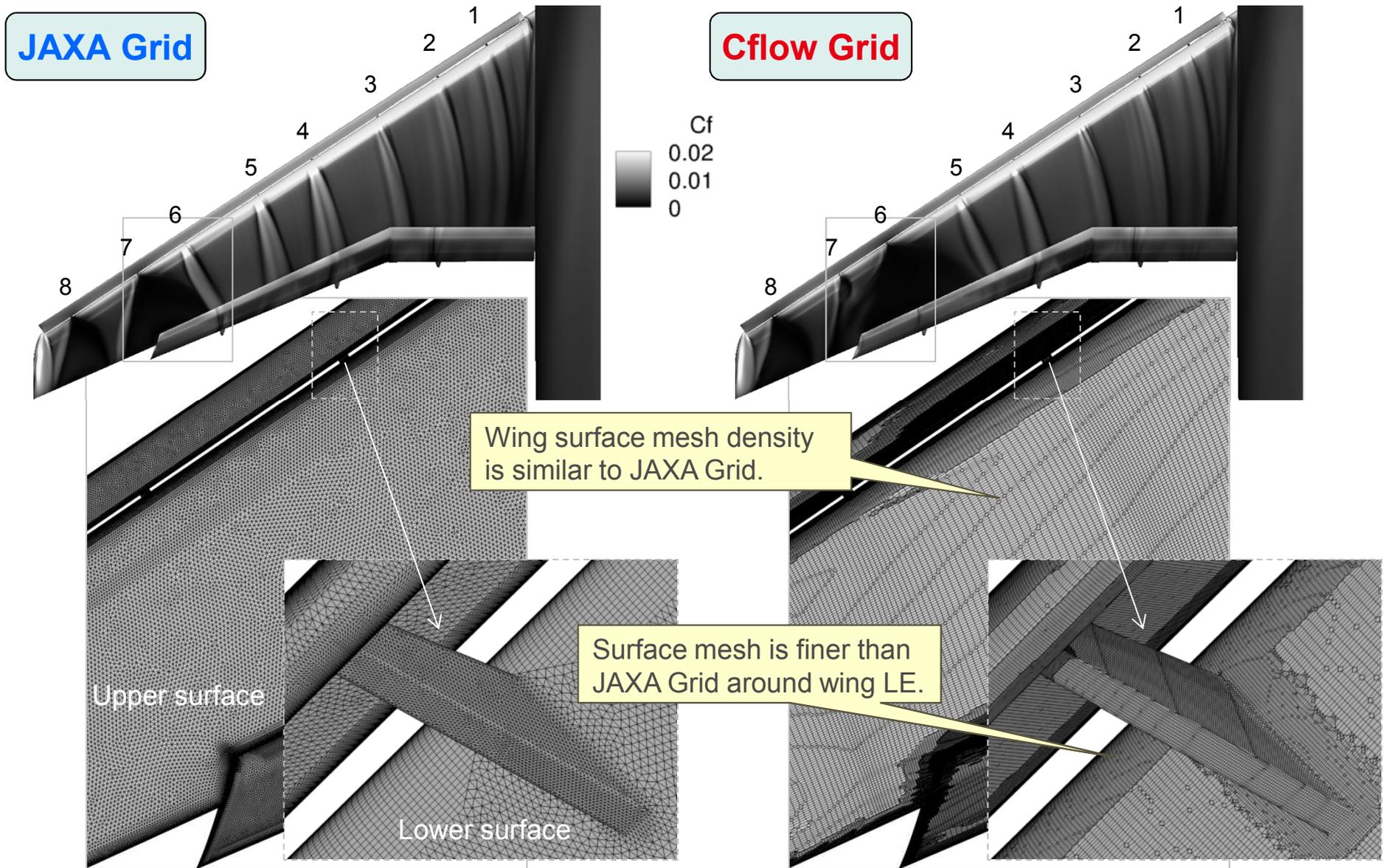


Cflow Grid



Largely separated at downstream side of #6 bracket.

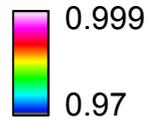
# Wing surface mesh



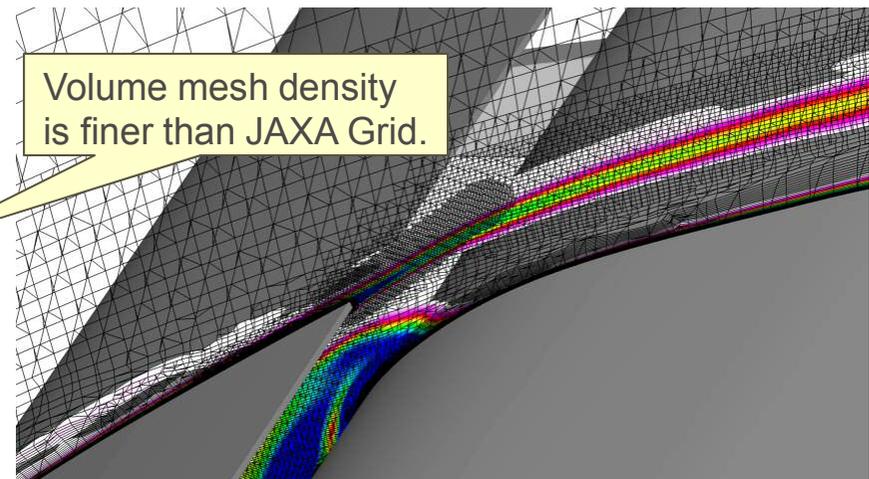
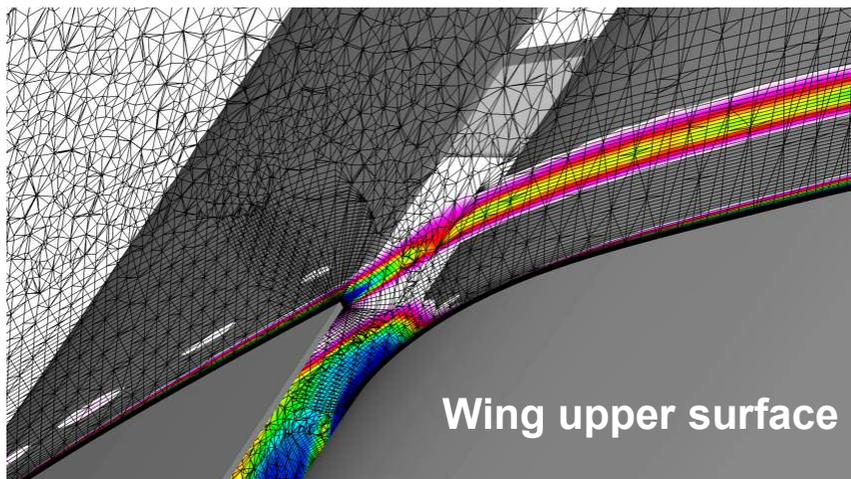
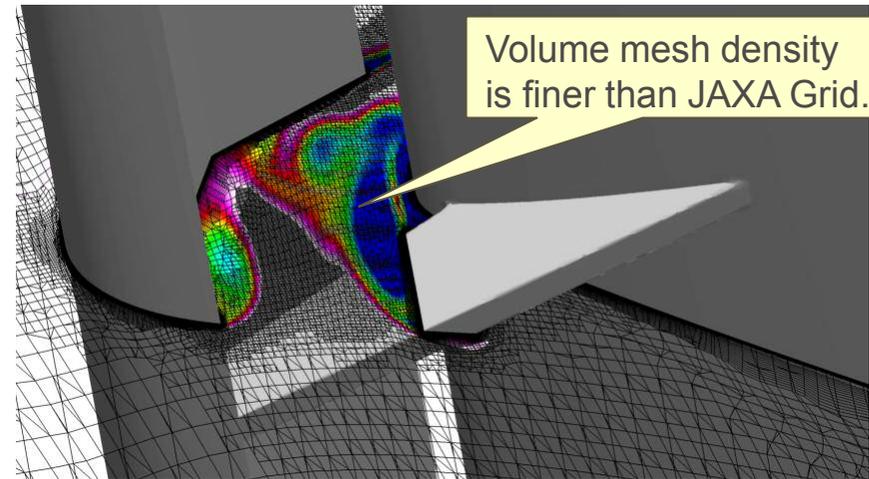
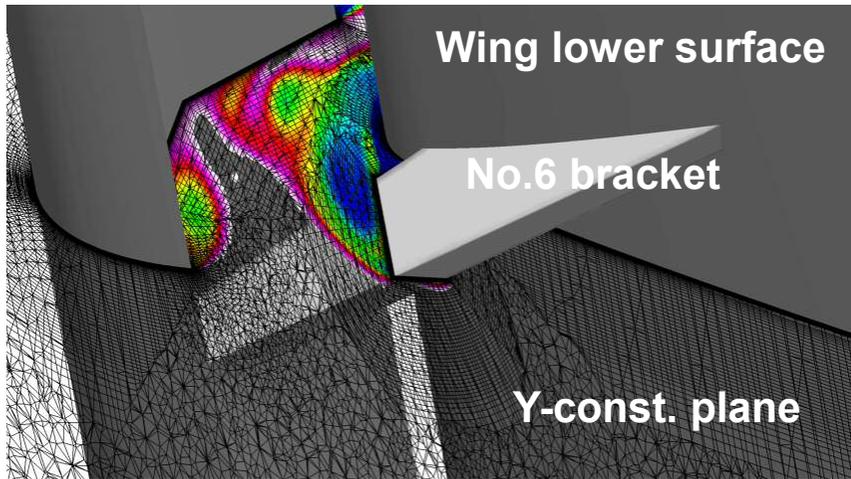
# Total pressure ratio @ No.6 bracket

JAXA Grid

Total pressure ratio



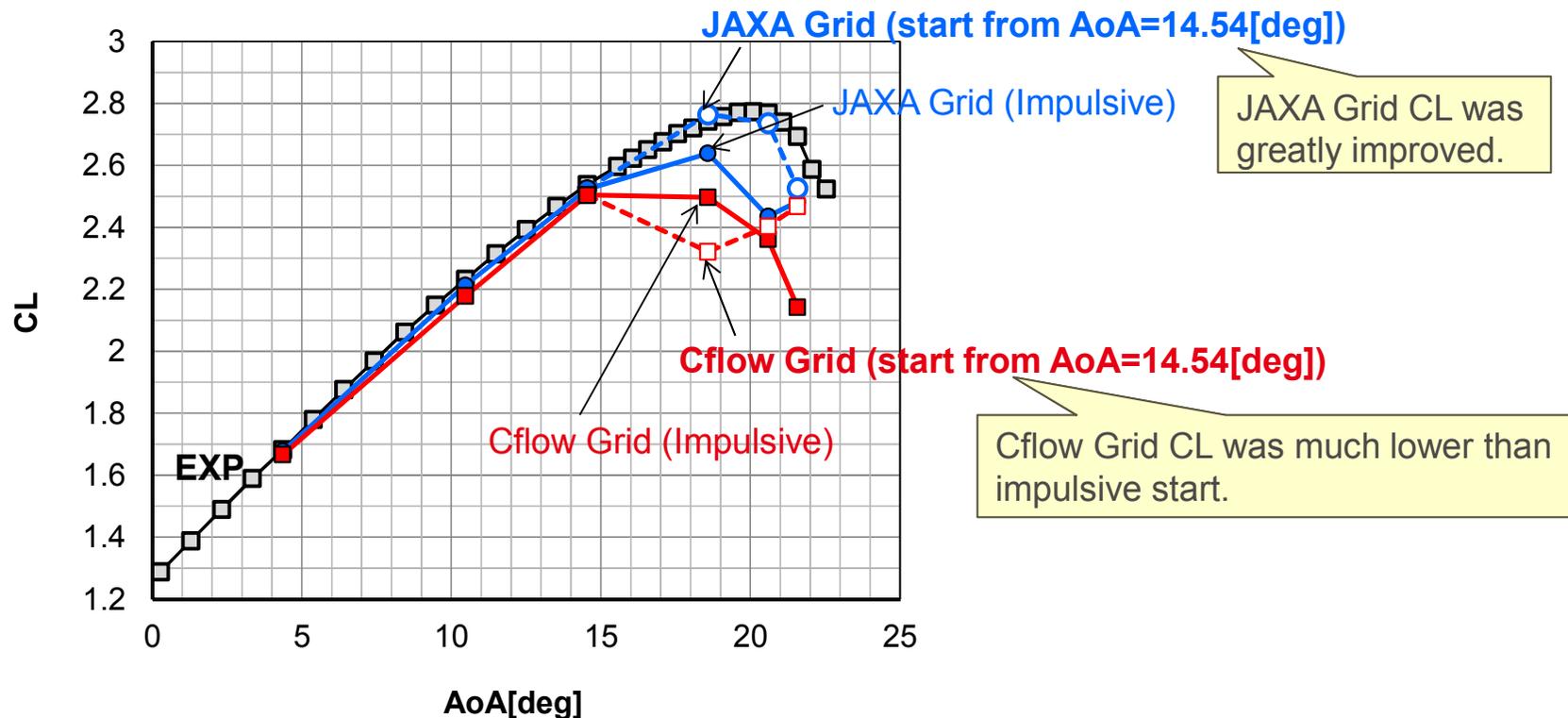
Cflow Grid



# Effects of initial condition



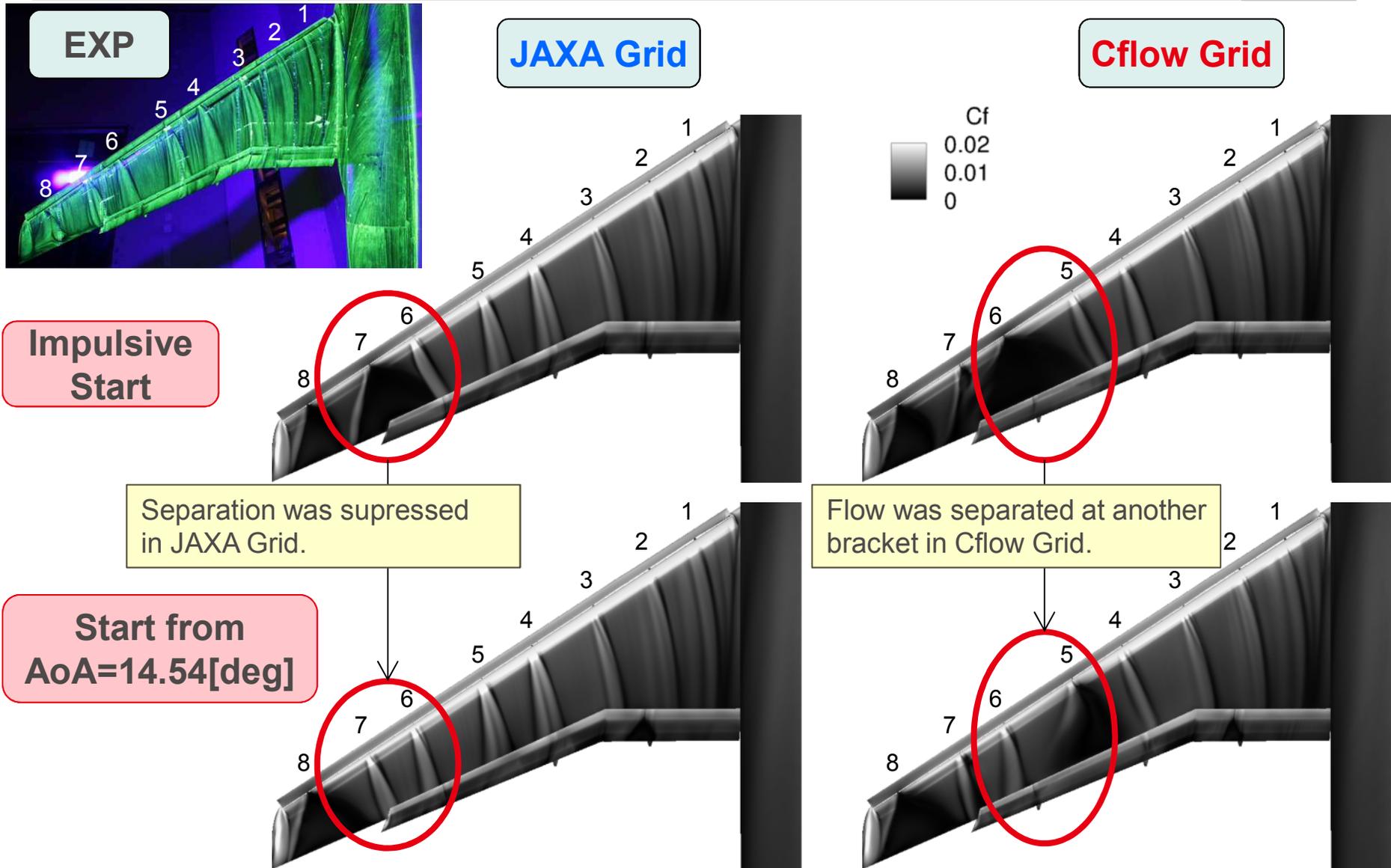
- Effects of initial condition were investigated at AoA greater than 18.54[deg].
  - Two results are compared.
    - Impulsive start
    - start from the results of AoA=14.54[deg].



JAXA Grid CL was greatly improved.

Cflow Grid CL was much lower than impulsive start.

# Effects of initial condition on surface flow



# Summary and Future Works

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- HL-CRM full gap (Grid convergence) case
  - Results of *Cflow Solver* using B3 Grid and *Cflow Grid* were presented.
  - Grid convergence was obtained in both grids.
  - B3 grid had higher drag than *Cflow*. Lower grid density of B3 near flap gap and outer flap edge might induce flow separation.
- JSM case
  - Results of *Cflow Solver* using JAXA Grid and *Cflow Grid* for both Nacelle-ON/OFF configurations were presented.
  - CL of *Cflow Grid* dropped earlier than experiment. This was caused by separation near wing tip.
  - Effects of initial condition was investigated. Starting lower AoA result improved flow field in JAXA Grid but not in *Cflow Grid*.
  - The separation issue seems to be grid dependency. This detail causes will be investigated in future work.

Kawasaki, working as one for the good of the planet  
“Global Kawasaki”

# Case 1a,b – HL-CRM

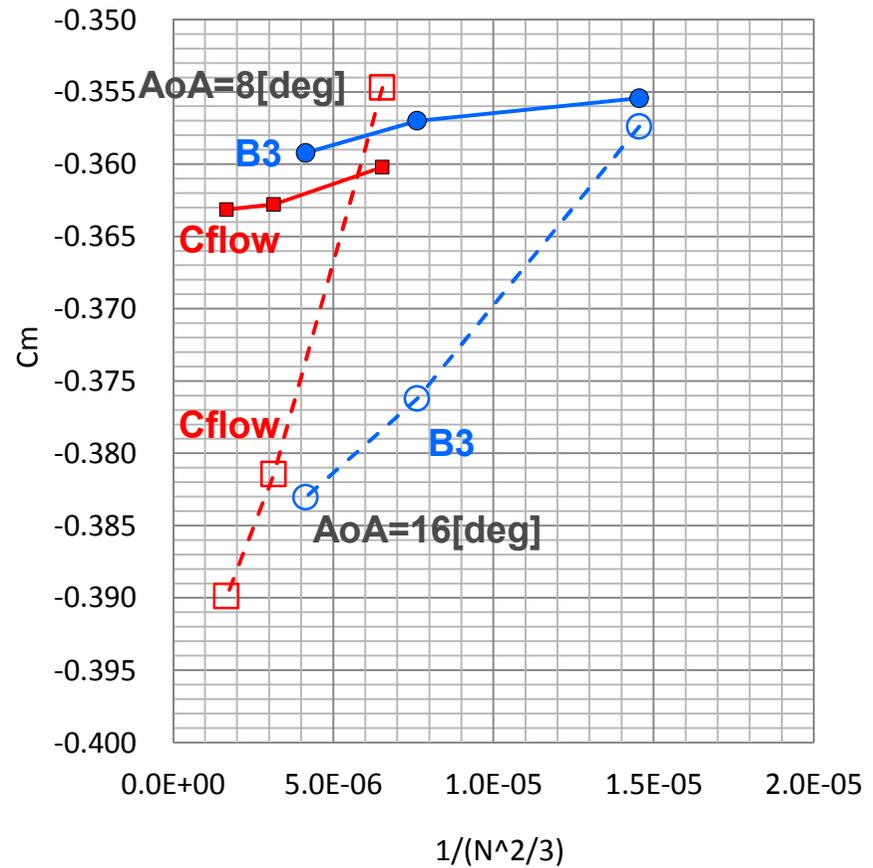
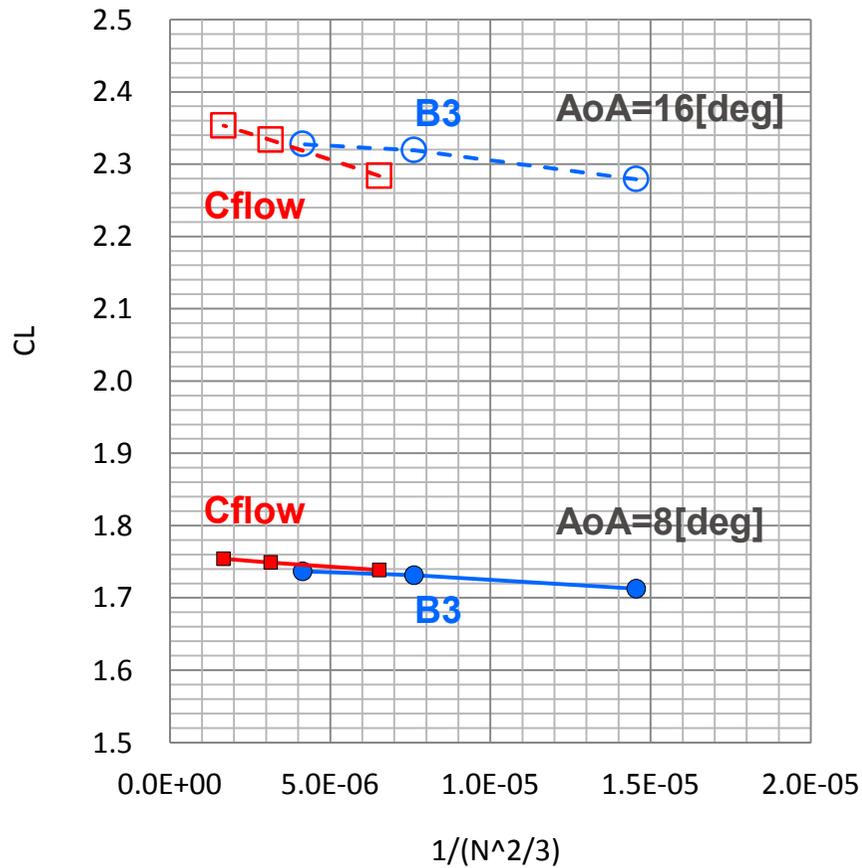
Grid Convergence

# Grid Convergence – CL, Cm



CL

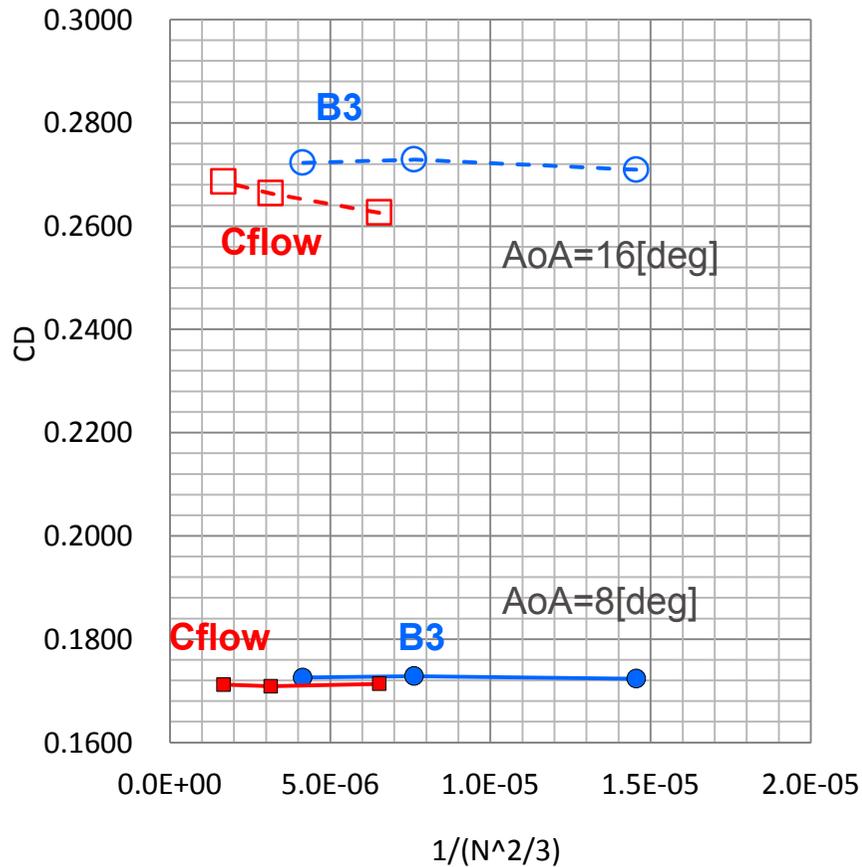
Cm



# Grid Convergence – CD, CD-CDi

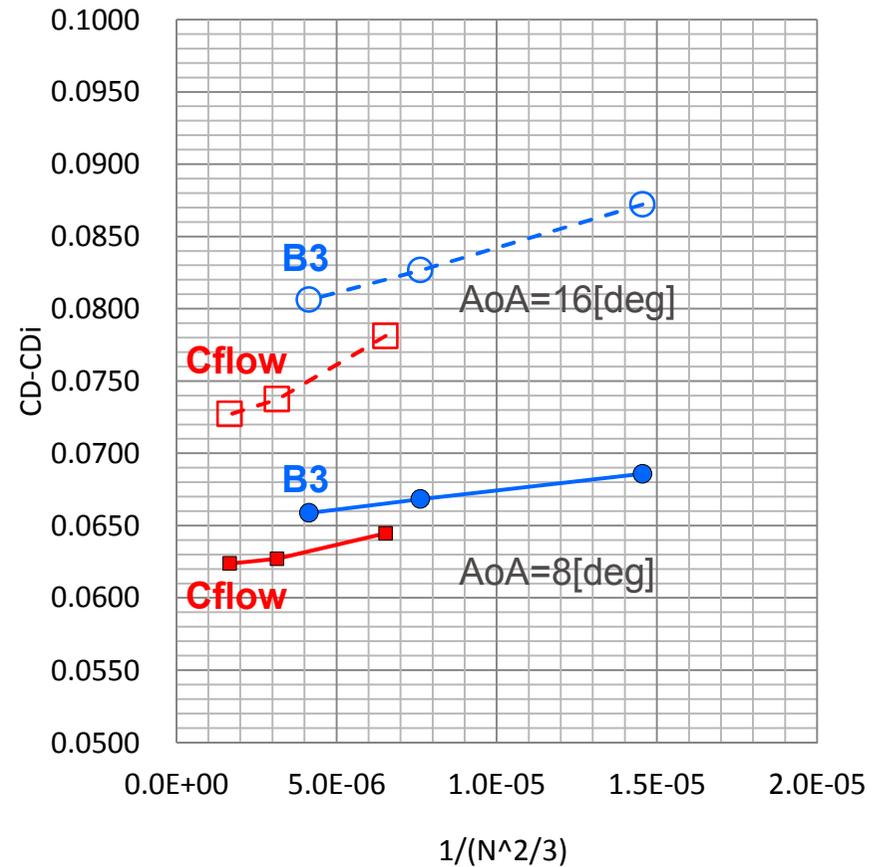


**CD**

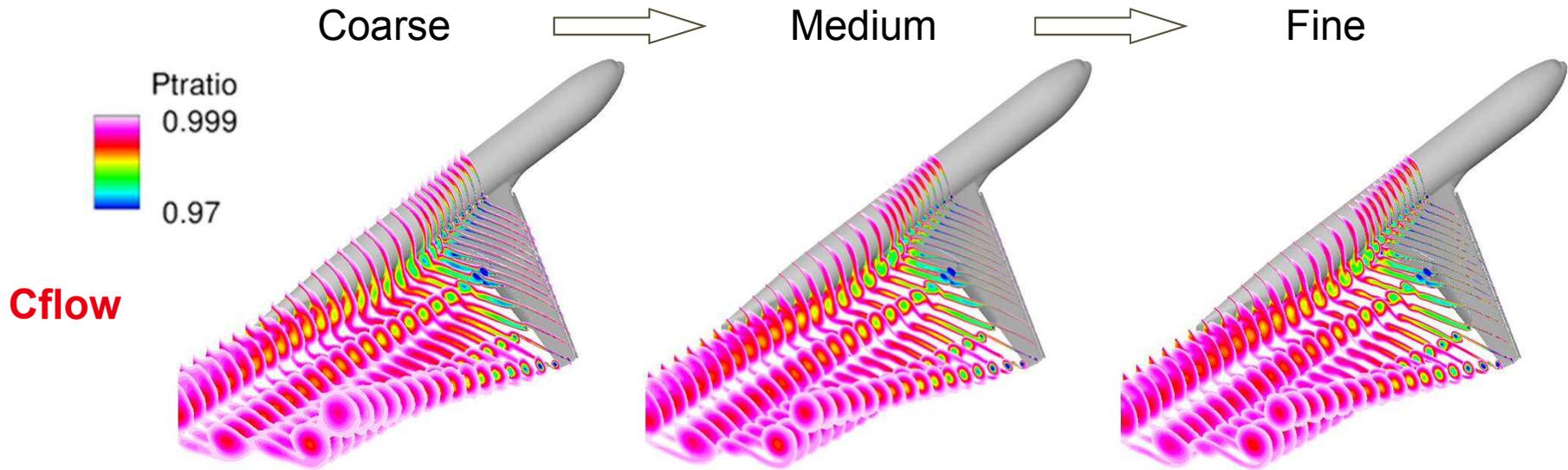


**CD-CDi**

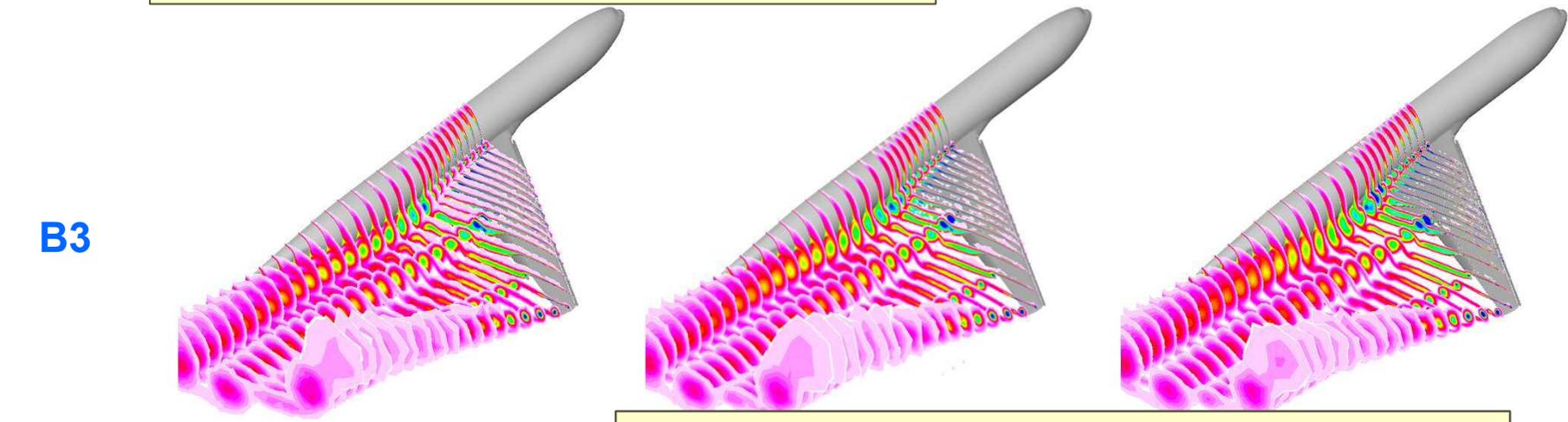
\*  $CDi = CL2 / (\pi A e)$ ,  $A = 9.0$ ,  $e = 1$



# Total Pressure Ratio @ AoA=16[deg]

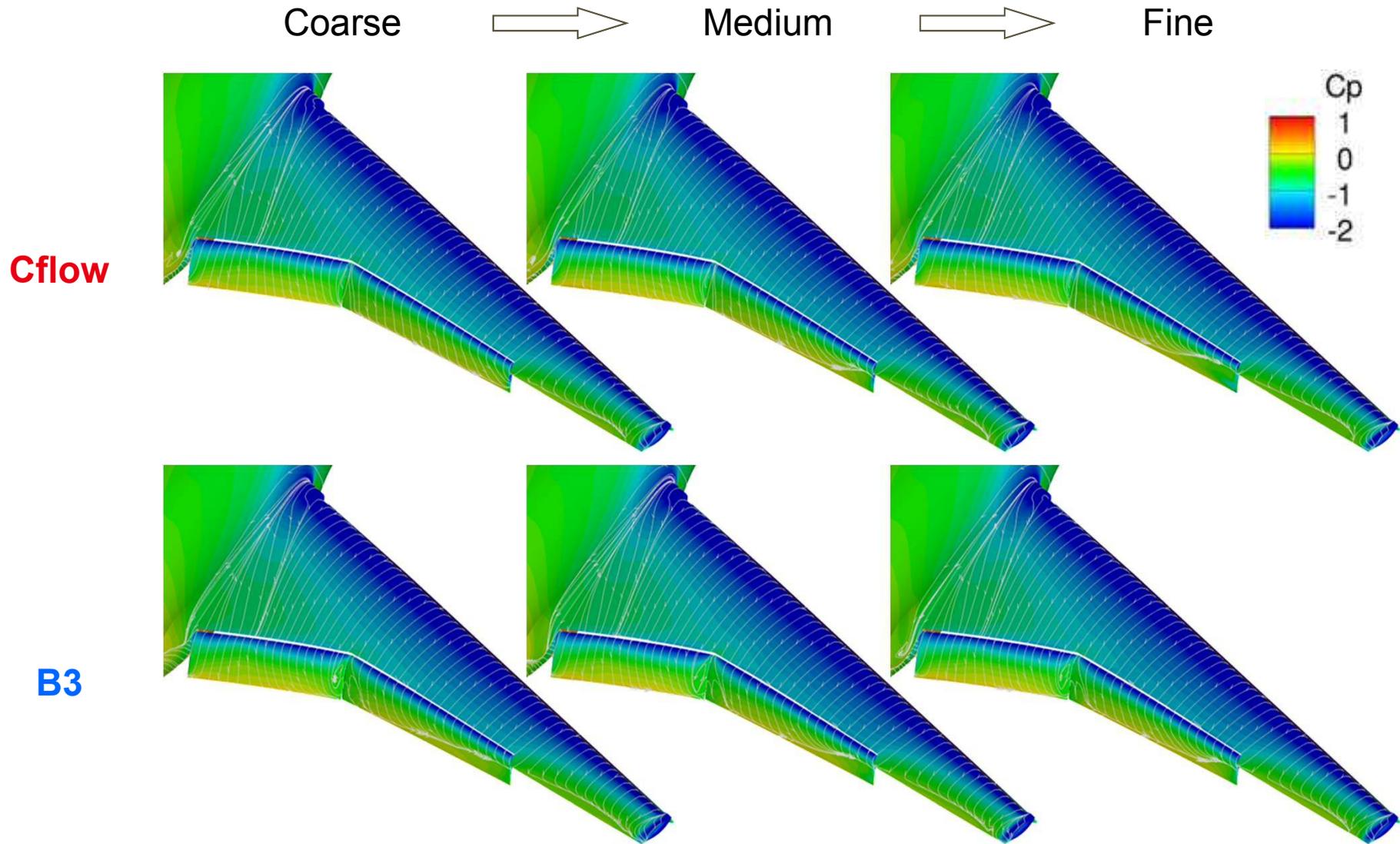


Artificial total pressure loss decreases in finer mesh.

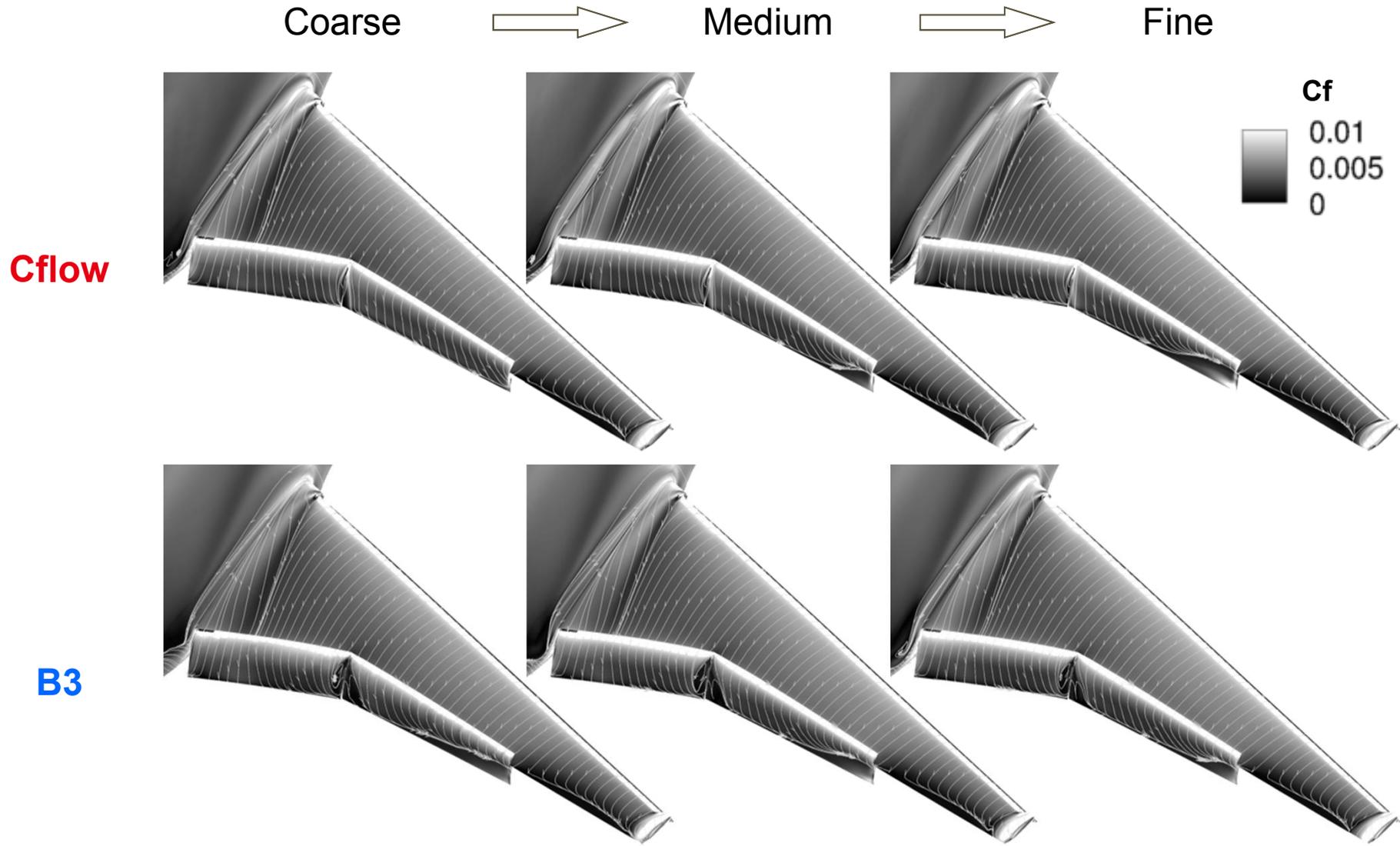


Separation at wing root seems large relative to Cflow Grid.

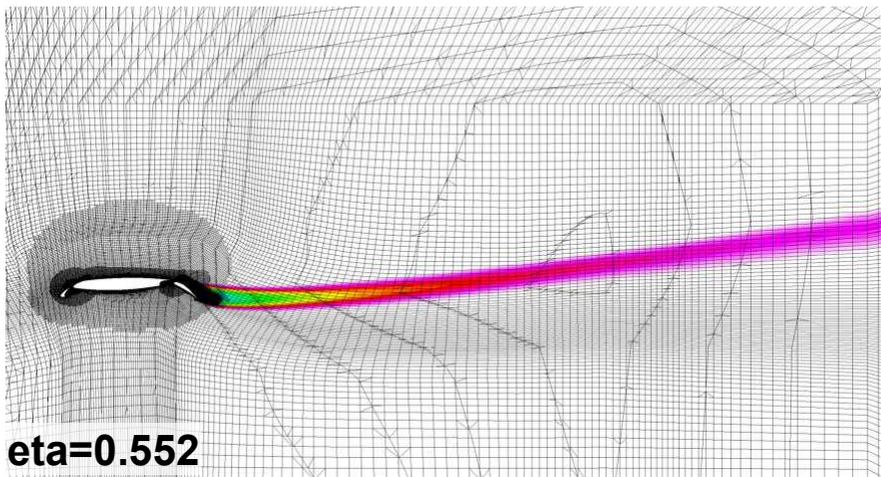
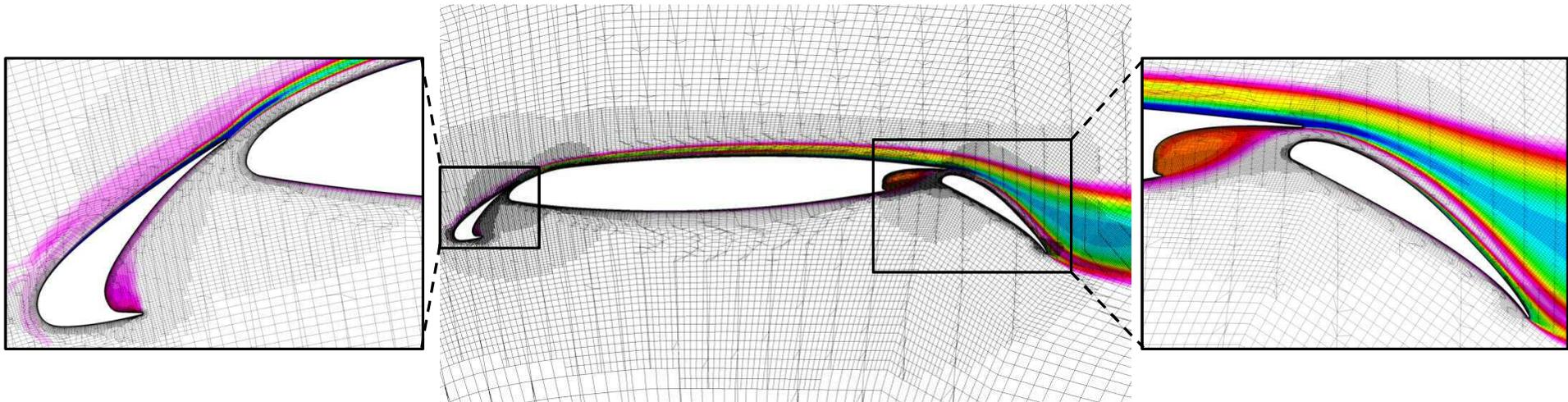
# Surface streamlines with Cp @ AoA=16[deg]



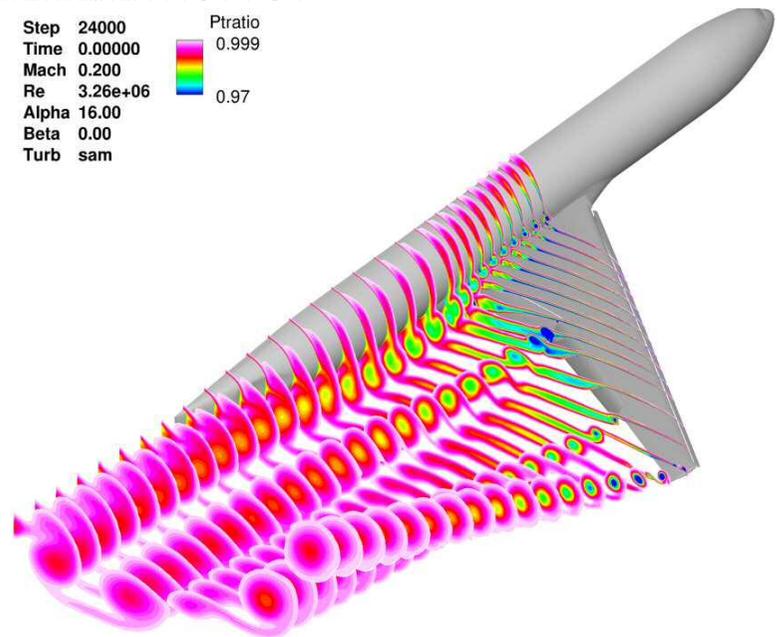
# Surface streamlines with Cf @ AoA=16[deg]



# Total Pressure Ratio @ $\alpha=16^\circ$ (CflowGrid, Medium)

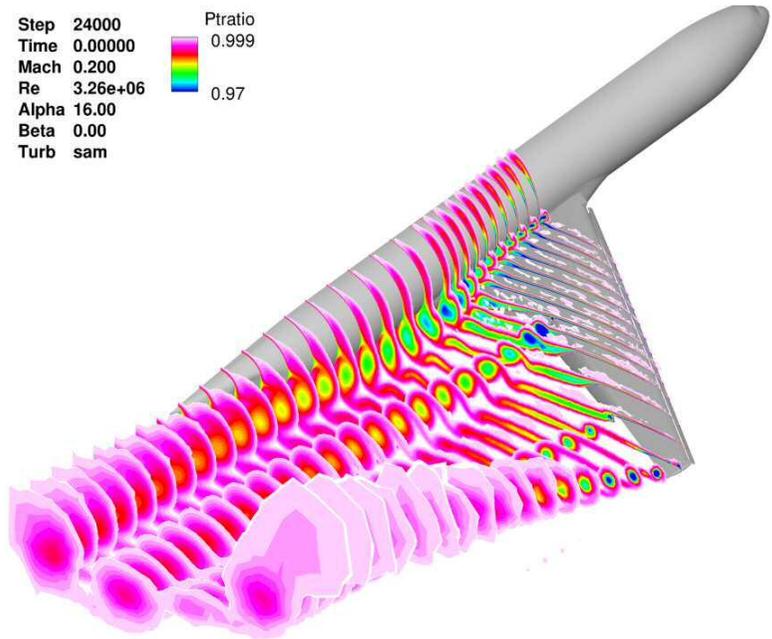
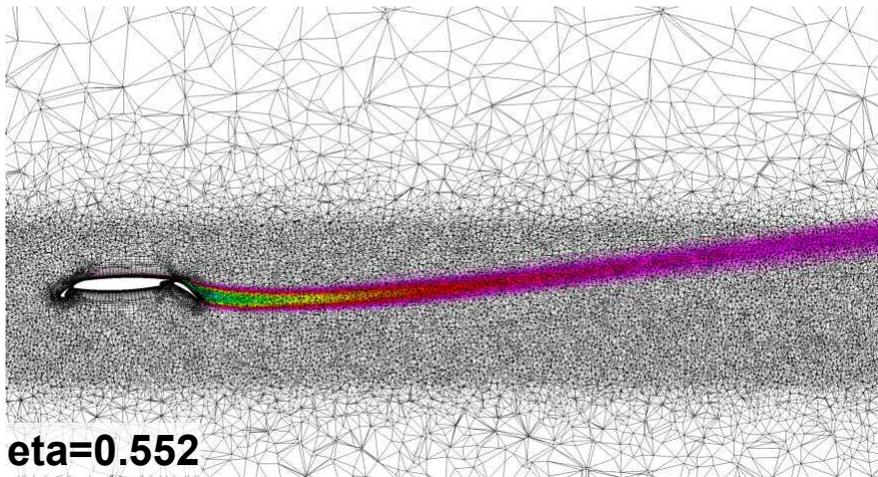
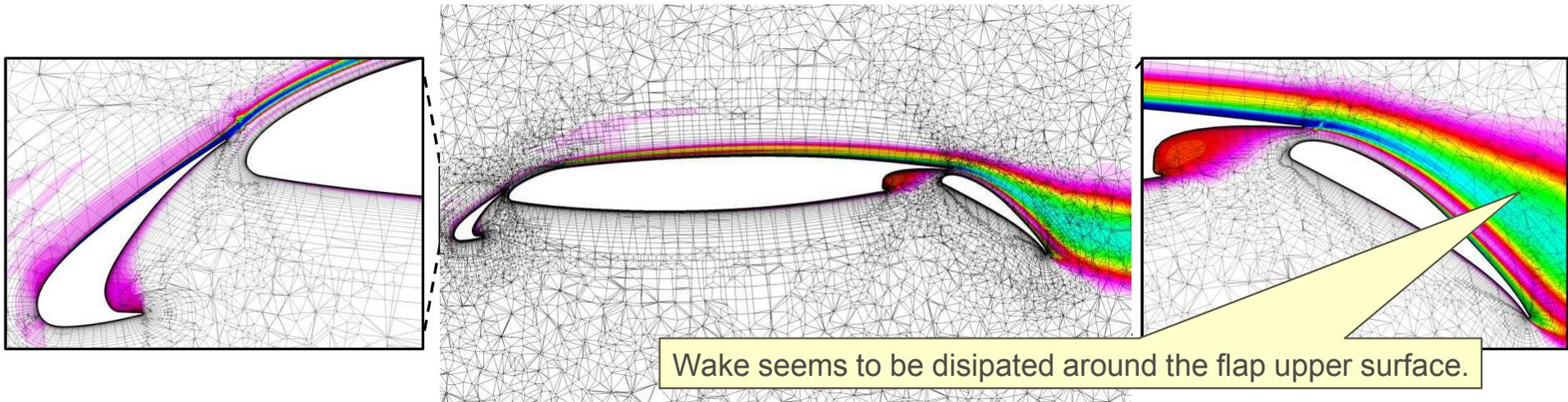


Step	24000	Pt ratio	0.999
Time	0.00000		
Mach	0.200		
Re	3.26e+06		0.97
Alpha	16.00		
Beta	0.00		
Turb	sam		



# Total Pressure Ratio @ $\alpha=16^\circ$ (B3, Medium)

HL-CRM  
full gap

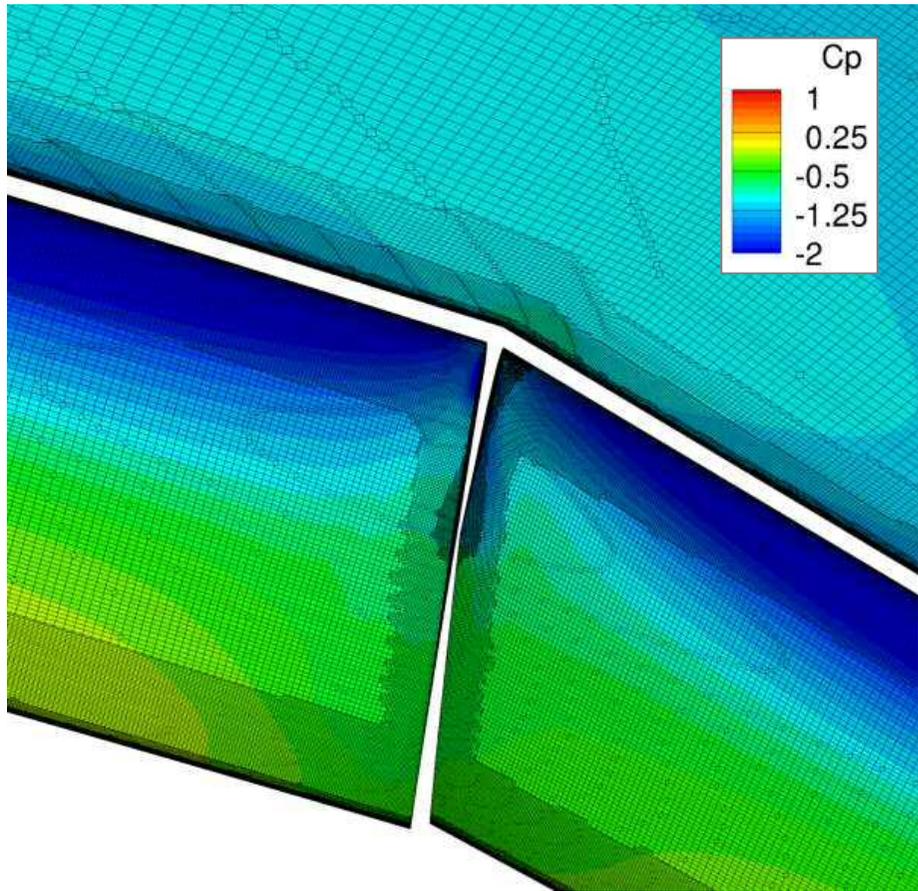
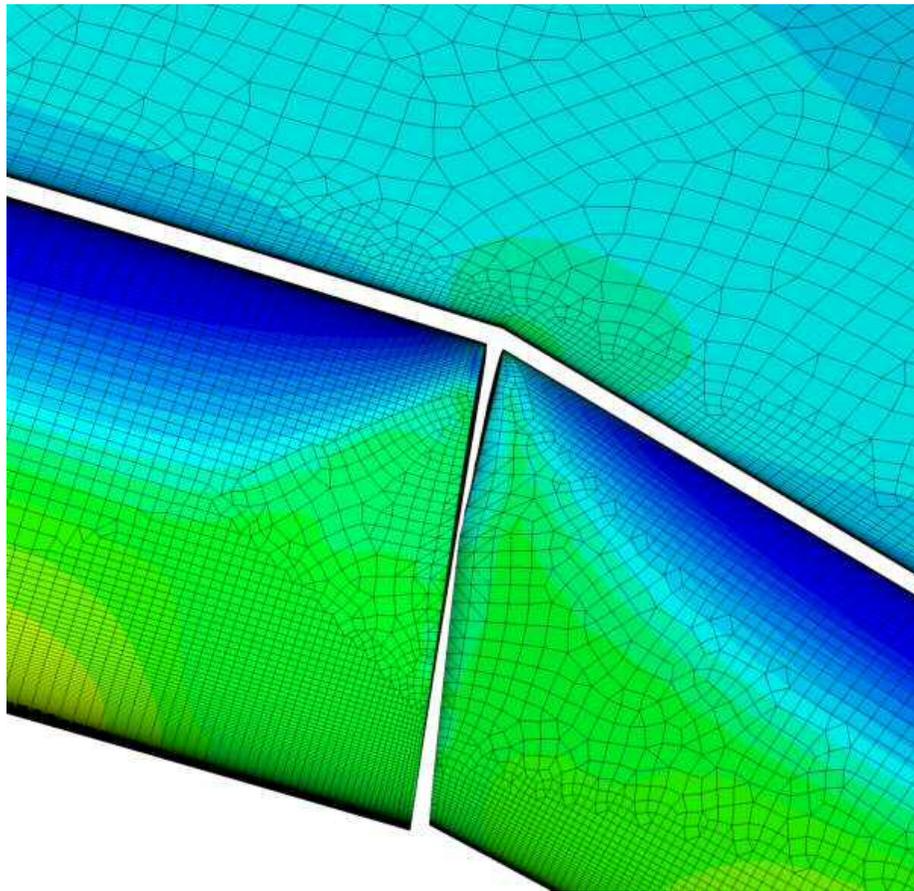


# Surface Cp around Flap Gap (Medium)



B3

CflowGrid

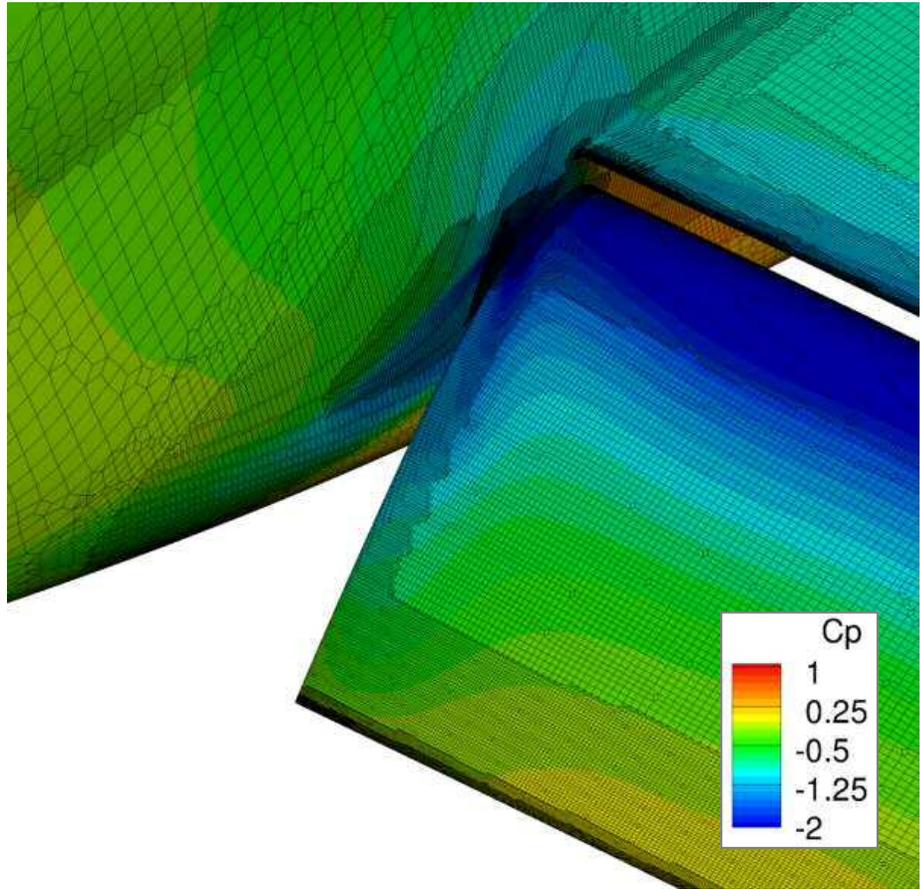
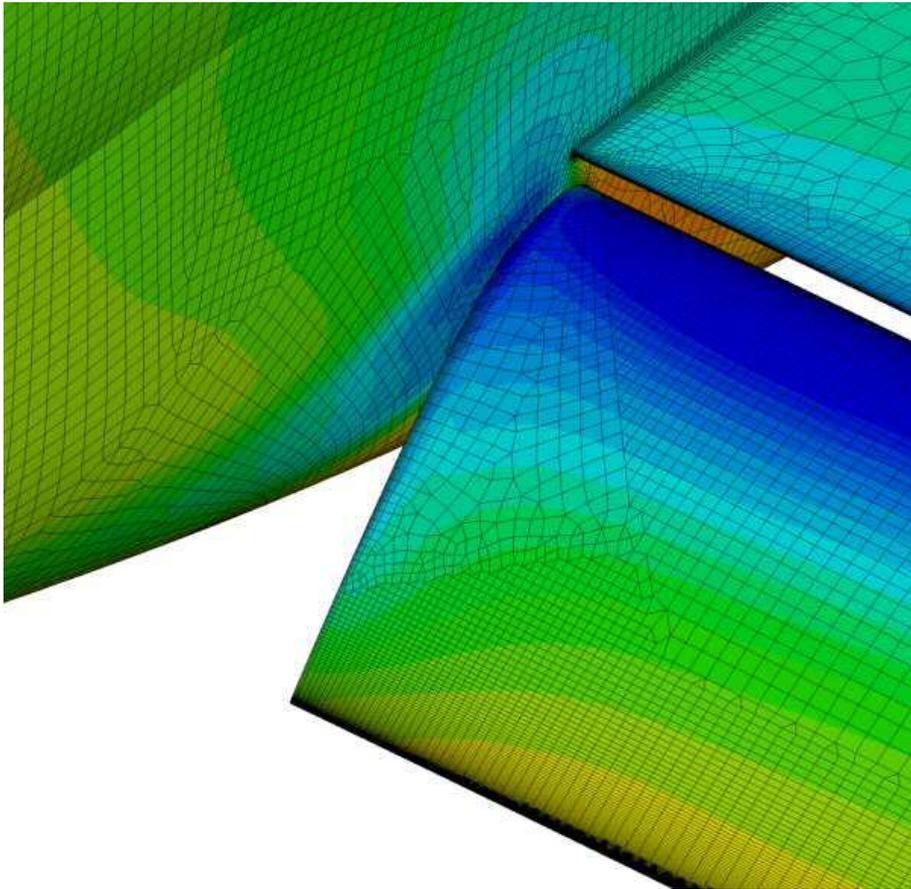


# Surface Cp around Root Gap (Medium)



B3

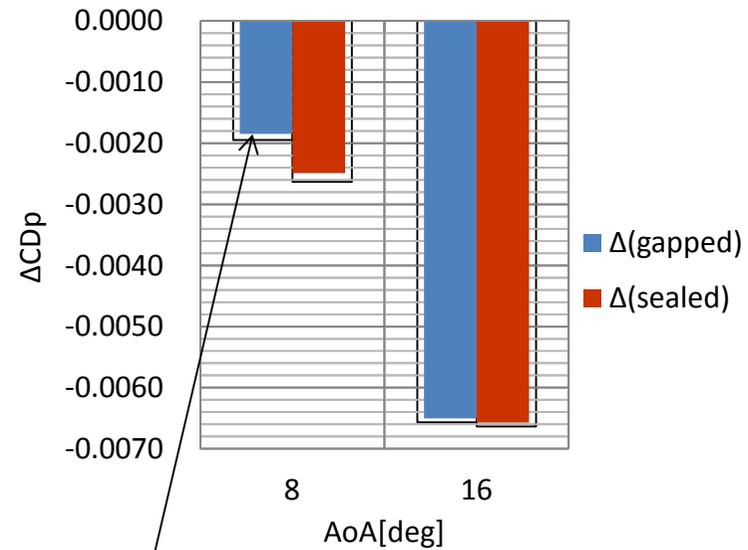
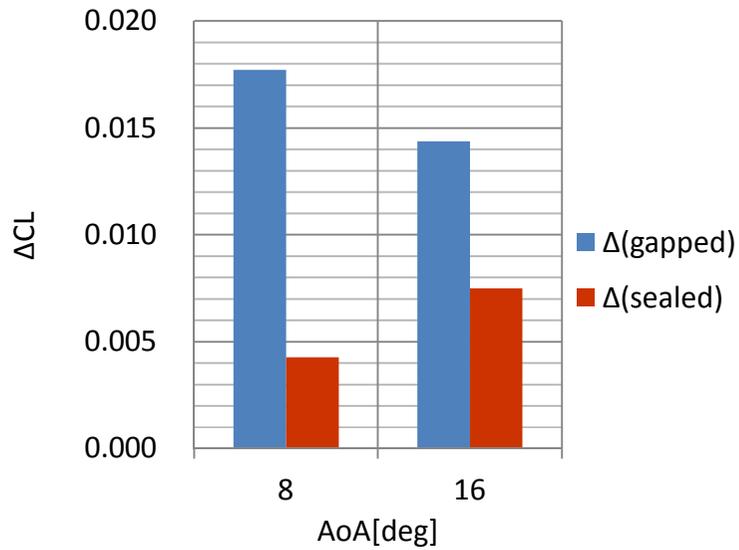
CflowGrid



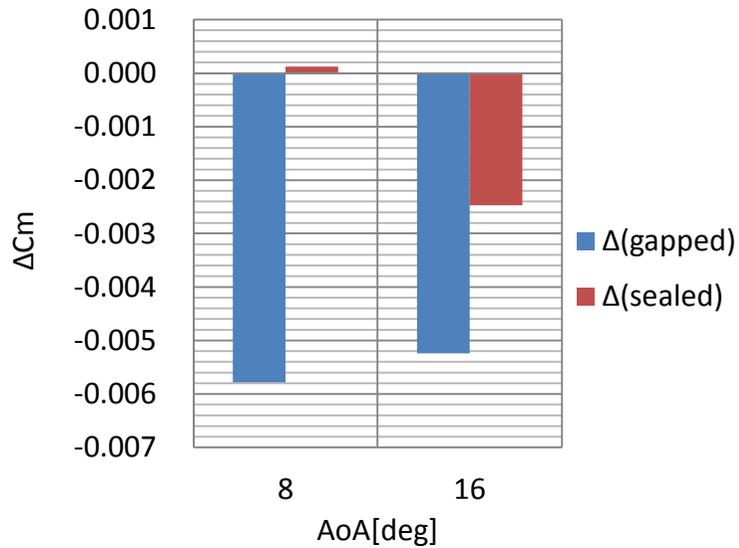
# Case 1c,d – HL-CRM

Partially Sealed Flap

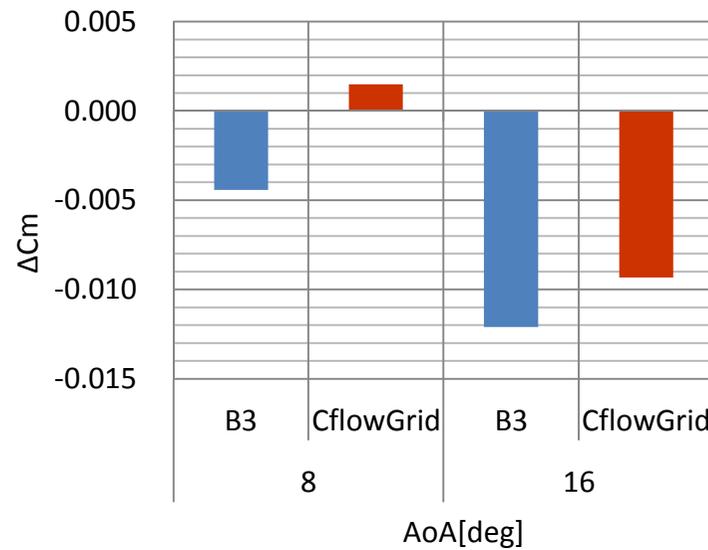
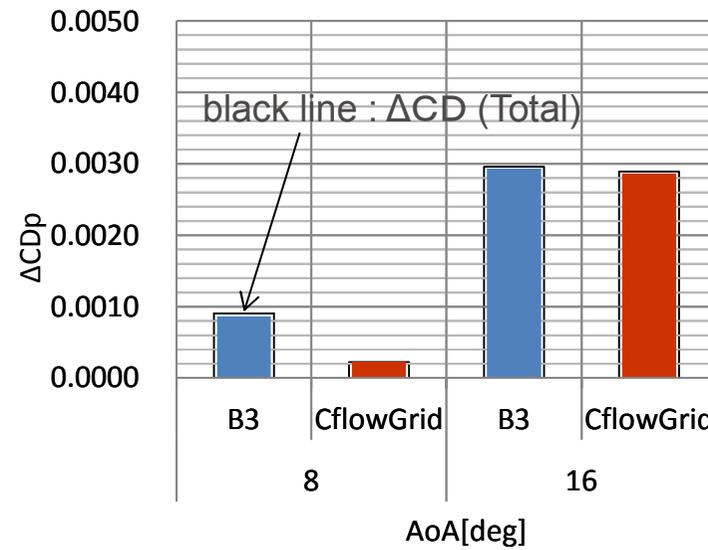
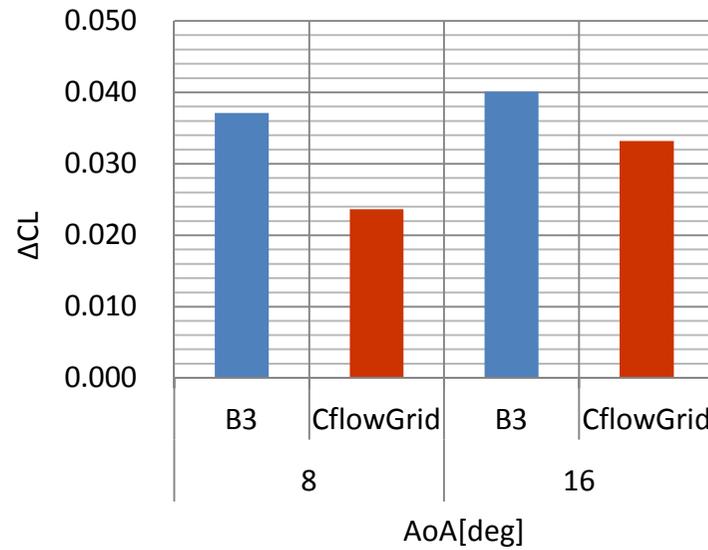
# $\Delta = (\text{Cflow Grid}) - (\text{B3 Grid}), \text{Medium}$



black line :  $\Delta\text{CD (Total)}$



# $\Delta = (\text{gapped-flaps}) - (\text{sealed-flaps}), \text{Medium}$



# Case 2a-d JSM

17KT008677

KHI proprietary

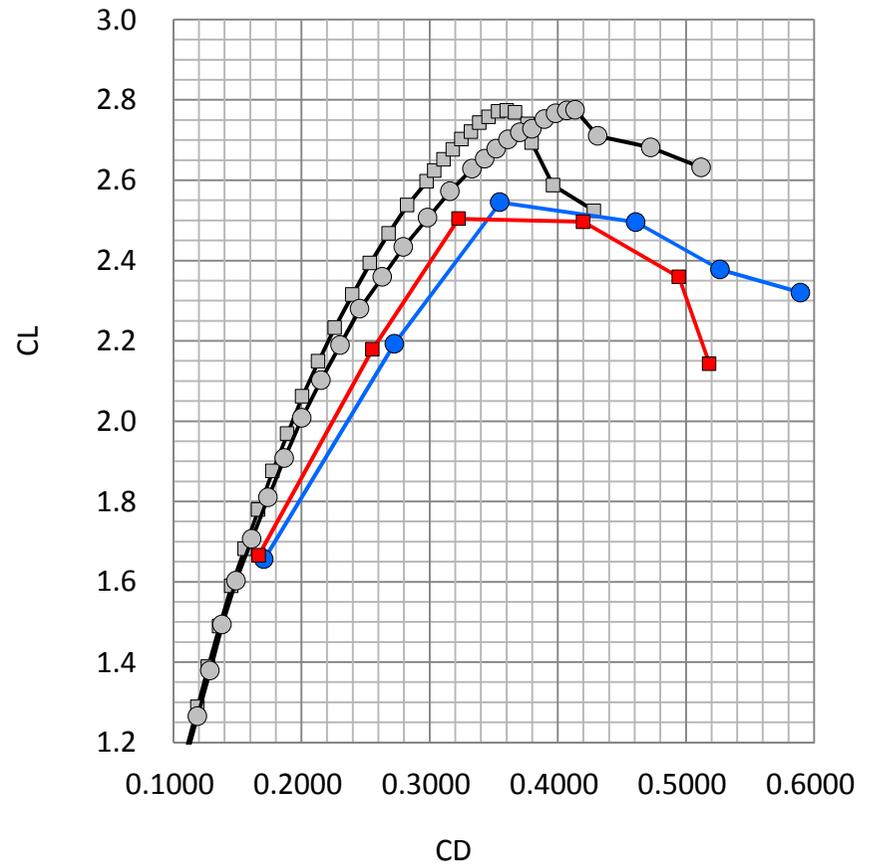
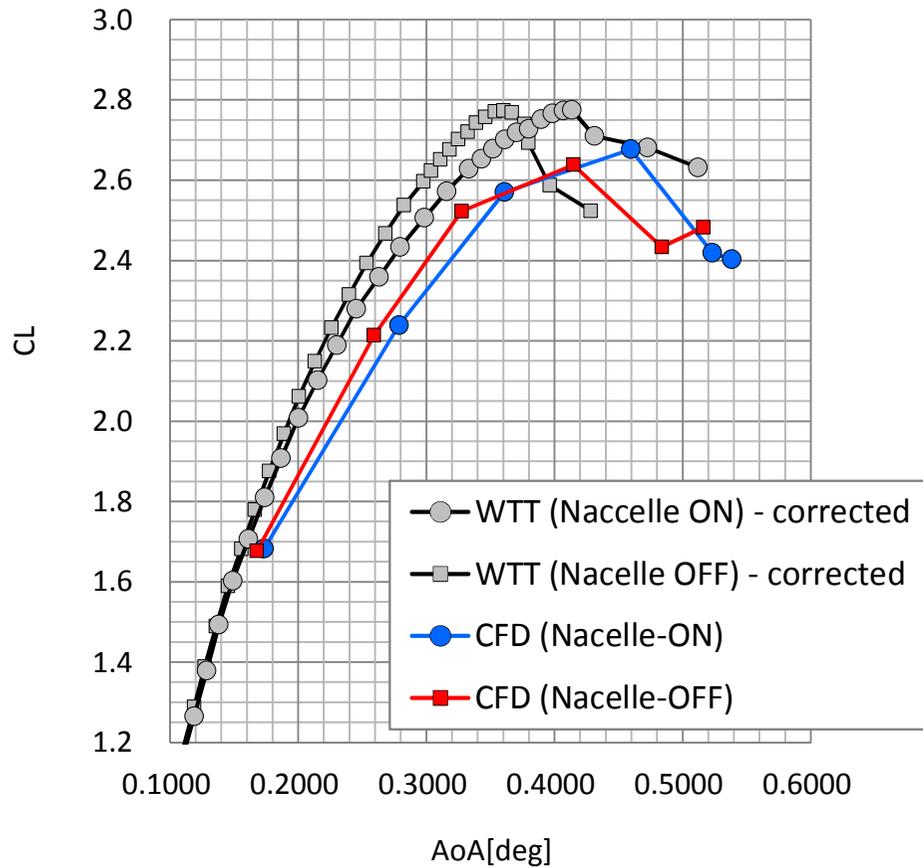
 **Kawasaki**  
Powering your potential

# CL - CD

Mach	0.172
Re[-]	$1.93 \times 10^6$

D-JSM\_UnstrMixed\_JAXA

CflowGrid

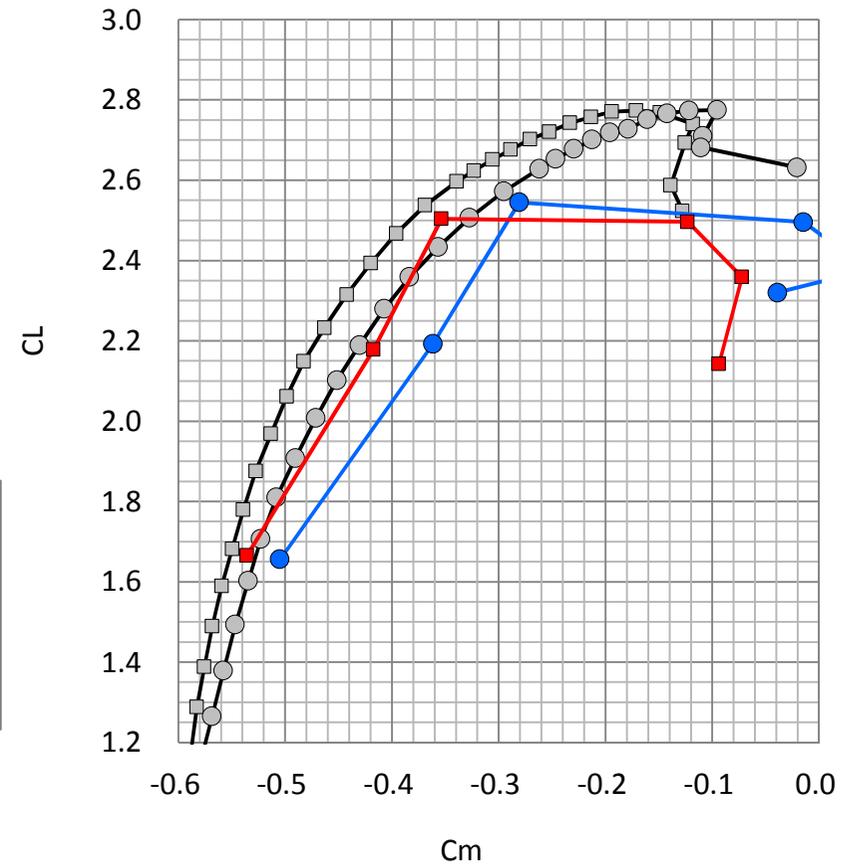
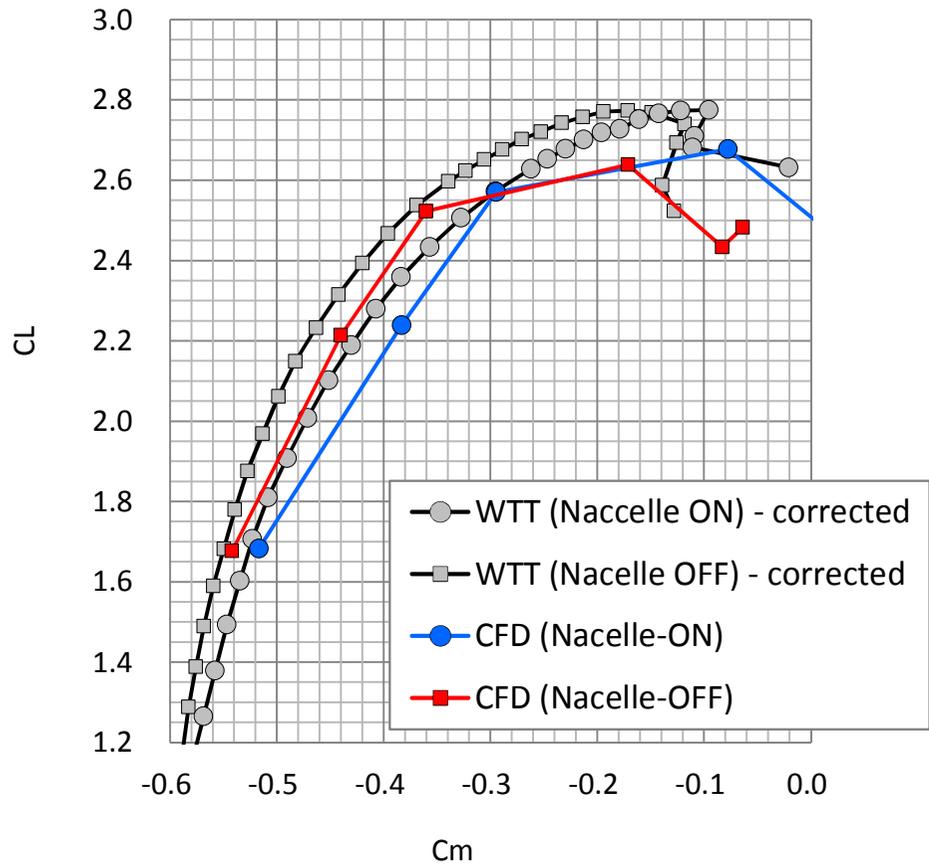


# CL - Cm

Mach	0.172
Re[-]	$1.93 \times 10^6$

D-JSM\_UnstrMixed\_JAXA

CflowGrid



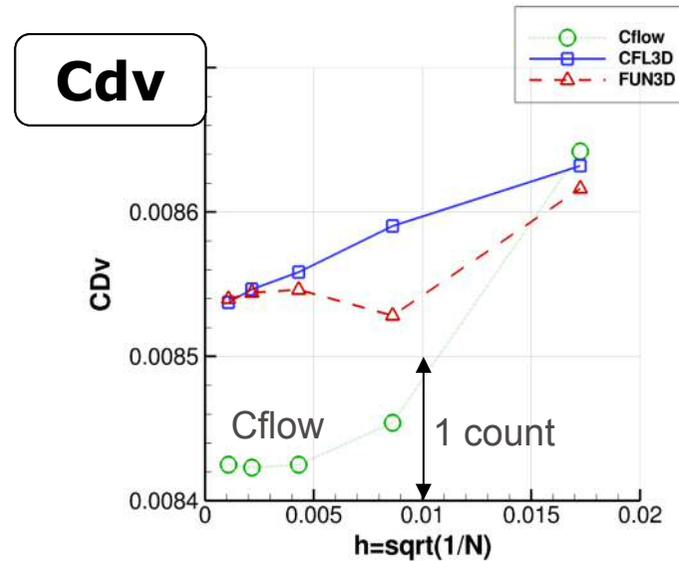
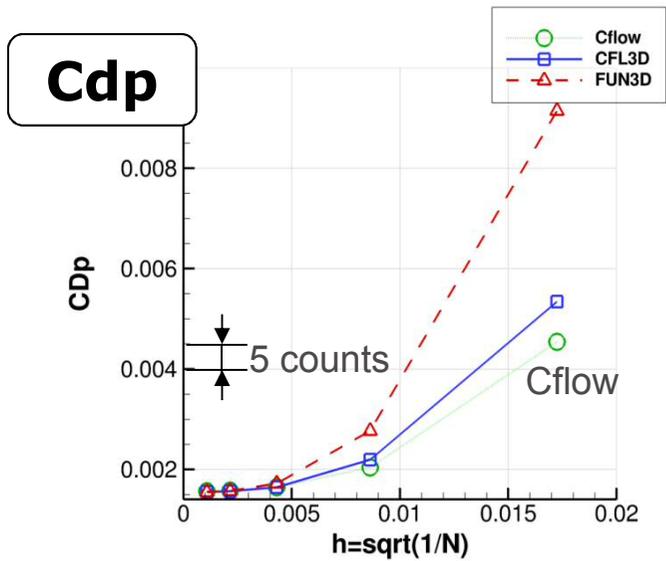
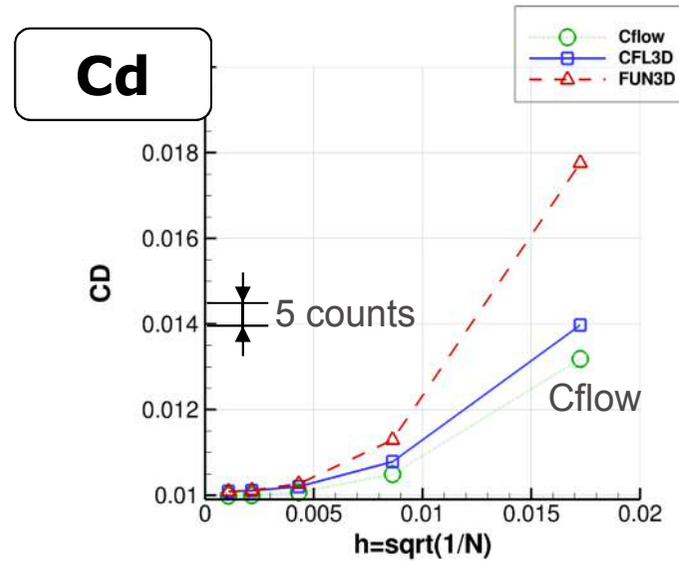
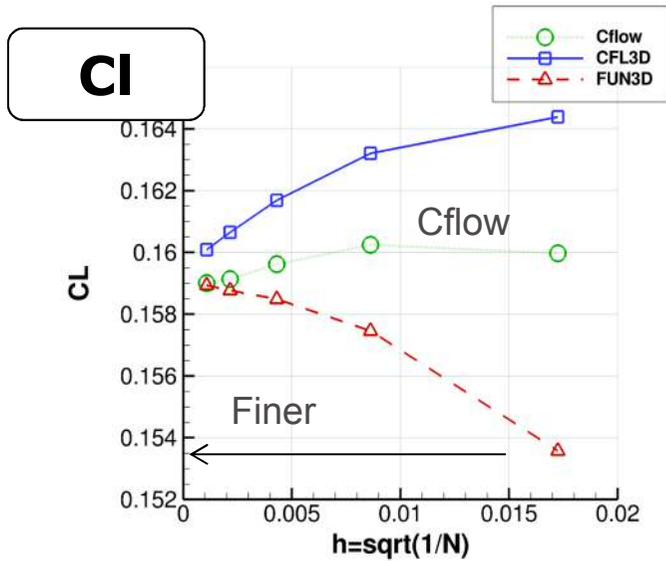
# Case 3 – 2D Verification Case

17KT008677

KHI proprietary

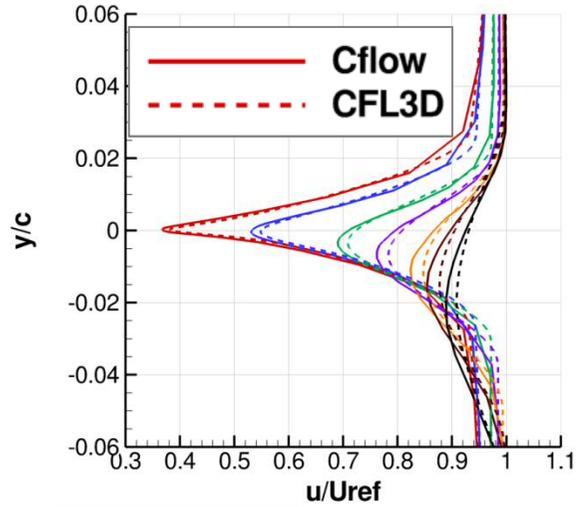
 **Kawasaki**  
Powering your potential

# Grid Convergence – Cl, Cd

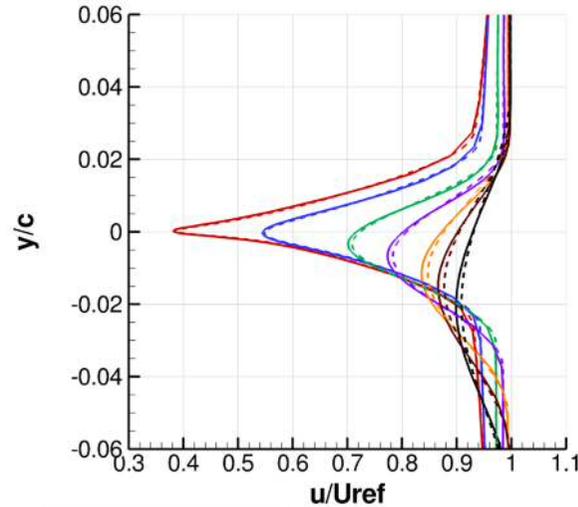


# Wake (U-velocity )

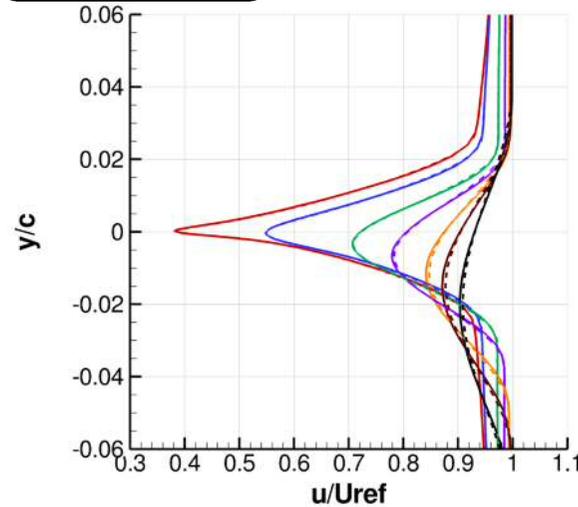
5<sup>th</sup> Finest



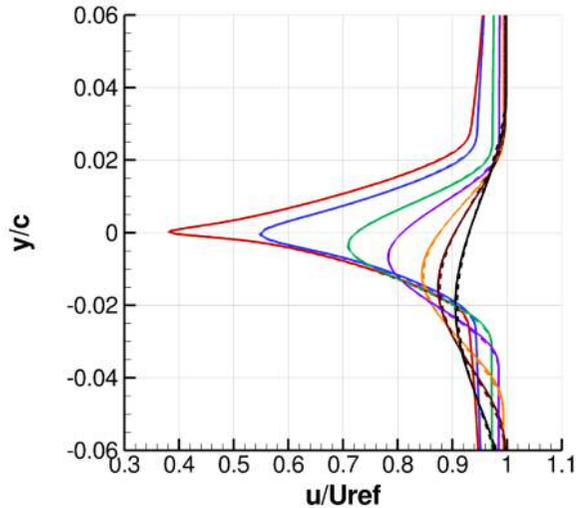
4<sup>th</sup> Finest



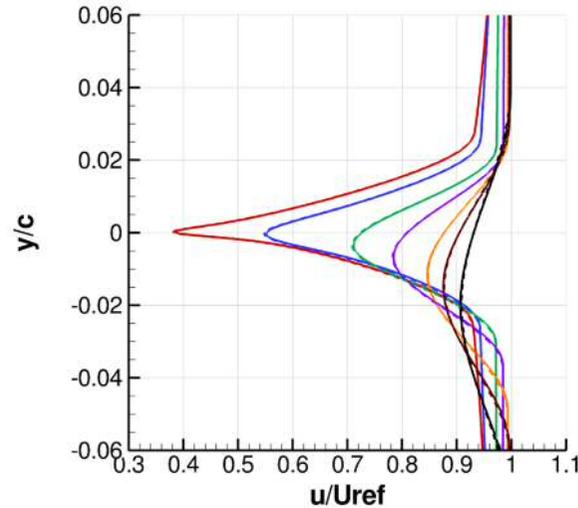
3<sup>rd</sup> Finest



2<sup>nd</sup> Finest



Finest



All CFL3D results are Finest Grid.